Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Patagonia, Arizona

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund, of the Town, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town of Town of Patagonia, Arizona, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of the not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Town of Patagonia, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The Town has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability - Cost-Sharing Pension Plans, Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios – Agent Pension Plans, and Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the Such information, although not a part of the basic financial basic financial statements. statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2022, on our consideration of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the Town pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the Town solely for the authorized purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, (the Arizona Auditor General,) the Town Council and management, and other responsible parties within the Town and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Colby + Powell
December 22, 2022

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

| | Primary Government | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Governmental | Business-type | | | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,568,131 | \$ - | \$ 1,568,131 | | | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | = | 35,452 | 35,452 | | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | = | 49,712 | 49,712 | | | |
| Taxes receivable | 7,883 | - | 7,883 | | | |
| Due from other governments | 570,883 | - | 570,883 | | | |
| Other receivable | = | - | = | | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 35,654 | 18,553 | 54,207 | | | |
| Internal balances | 193,861 | (193,861) | - | | | |
| Net OPEB asset | 10,798 | 6,449 | 17,247 | | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | 1,091,436 | 167,258 | 1,258,694 | | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated, net | 1,335,645 | 3,214,816 | 4,550,461 | | | |
| Total assets | 4,814,291 | 3,298,379 | 8,112,670 | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Pensions and other postemployment benefits | 148,561 | 56,554 | 205,115 | | | |
| Tensions and other posteripiographic benefits | 140,501 | 30,334 | 203,113 | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 541,406 | 7,152 | 548,558 | | | |
| Accrued expenses | 5,627 | - | 5,627 | | | |
| Unearned revenue | - | 43,945 | 43,945 | | | |
| Refundable deposits | - | 35,452 | 35,452 | | | |
| Compensated absences payable | 11,893 | 6,046 | 17,939 | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | | | |
| Due within 1 year | = | - | = | | | |
| Due in more than 1 year | 867,965 | 449,986 | 1,317,951 | | | |
| Total liabilities | 1,426,891 | 542,581 | 1,969,472 | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| Pensions and other postemployment benefits | 280,133 | 60,299 | 340,432 | | | |
| NITTE PLOCKETON | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION | 2 427 001 | 2 202 074 | 5 000 155 | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 2,427,081 | 3,382,074 | 5,809,155 | | | |
| Restricted for: | 26 627 | | 26.627 | | | |
| Court enhancement | 26,627 | _ | 26,627 | | | |
| Highways and streets | 28,237 | - ((20,021) | 28,237 | | | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | 773,883 | (630,021) | 143,862 | | | |
| Total net position | \$ 3,255,828 | \$ 2,752,053 | \$ 6,007,881 | | | |

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | Program Revenue Net (Expense) Revenue and Chang | | | and Changes in | n Net Position | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---|--------|------------|----------------|----------------|----|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | Charges | Op | erating | (| Capital | | Pr | rimary | Government | |
| | | for | Gr | ants and | Gr | ants and | Go | vernmental | Bu | siness-type | |
| Functions / Programs | Expenses | Services | Con | tributions | Con | tributions | Α | ctivities | Activities | | Total |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | _ | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 416,510 | \$ 62,776 | \$ | 25,167 | \$ | - | \$ | (328,567) | \$ | - | \$ (328,567) |
| Public safety | 546,214 | 39,217 | | - | | - | | (506,997) | | - | (506,997) |
| Highways and streets | 234,120 | - | | 105,756 | | 903,569 | | 775,205 | | - | 775,205 |
| Culture and recreation | 161,304 | 1,638 | | 55,364 | | - | | (104,302) | | | (104,302) |
| Total governmental activities | 1,358,148 | 103,631 | | 186,287 | | 903,569 | | (164,661) | | - | (164,661) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water/Wastewater | 482,032 | 379,801 | | 13,747 | | - | | - | | (88,484) | (88,484) |
| Solid Waste | 162,527 | 188,107 | | - | | - | | - | | 25,580 | 25,580 |
| Total business-type activities | 644,559 | 567,908 | | 13,747 | | - | | | | (62,904) | (62,904) |
| Total primary government | \$ 2,002,707 | \$ 671,539 | \$ | 200,034 | \$ | 903,569 | | (164,661) | | (62,904) | (227,565) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | General revenue | es: | | | | | | | | | |
| | Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sales tax | | | | | | | 671,702 | | - | 671,702 |
| | Franchise tax | | | | | | | 16,843 | | - | 16,843 |
| | Shared revenue- | | | | | | | 197,473 | | - | 197,473 |
| | Shared revenue- | | | | | | | 114,053 | | - | 114,053 |
| | Shared revenue- | -State vehicle l | icense | tax | | | | 87,472 | | - | 87,472 |
| | Miscellaneous | | | | | | | 308,093 | | - | 308,093 |
| | Investment earn | nings | | | | | | 1,299 | | 992 | 2,291 |
| | Total general | revenue | | | | | | 1,396,935 | | 992 | 1,397,927 |
| | Change in ne | _ | | | | | | 1,232,274 | | (61,912) | 1,170,362 |
| | Net position, b | eginning of yea | ar | | | | | 2,023,554 | | 2,813,965 | 4,837,519 |
| | Net position, en | nd of year | | | | | \$ | 3,255,828 | \$ | 2,752,053 | \$6,007,881 |

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

| | | | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | General | HURF | Governmental |
| | Fund | Fund | Funds |
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,503,249 | \$ 64,882 | \$ 1,568,131 |
| Taxes receivable | 7,883 | - | 7,883 |
| Due from other governments | 92,118 | 478,766 | 570,884 |
| Prepaid expenses | 17,101 | 18,553 | 35,654 |
| Due from other funds | 193,861 | - | 193,861 |
| Total assets | \$ 1,814,212 | \$ 562,201 | \$ 2,376,413 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 7,442 | \$ 533,964 | \$ 541,406 |
| Accrued expenses | 5,627 | - | 5,627 |
| Total liabilities | 13,069 | 533,964 | 547,033 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | |
| Nonspendable | 17,101 | - | 17,101 |
| Restricted for: | | | |
| Court enhancement | 26,627 | - | 26,627 |
| Highways and streets | - | 28,237 | 28,237 |
| Unassigned | 1,757,415 | - | 1,757,415 |
| Total fund balances | 1,801,143 | 28,237 | 1,829,380 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ 1,814,212 | \$ 562,201 | \$ 2,376,413 |
| | | | |

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

| Fund balances-total governmental funds | | \$ 1,829,380 |
|--|-------------|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Governmental capital assets | 7,454,583 | |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (5,027,502) | 2,427,081 |
| Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for Town operations and, therefore, are not reported in | | |
| in the funds. | | 10,798 |
| Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds. | | |
| Compensated absences | (11,893) | |
| Net pension/OPEB liability | (867,965) | (879,858) |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB | 148,561 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB | (280,133) | (131,572) |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ 3,255,829 |

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

| D | | General Fund | | HURF Fund | | Total vernmental Funds |
|---------------------------------|----|-----------------|----|--------------|----|------------------------------|
| Revenues | \$ | 440.600 | ø | 040 225 | ¢ | 1 200 024 |
| Intergovernmental | Э | 449,609 | \$ | 849,325 | \$ | 1,298,934 |
| Taxes | | 671,702 | | 160,000 | | 671,702 |
| Donation | | 25,167 | | 160,000 | | 185,167 |
| Sale of right of way | | 180,162 | | - | | 180,162 |
| Other revenue | | 132,684 | | - | | 132,684 |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 39,217 | | - | | 39,217 |
| Charges for services | | 37,143 | | - | | 37,143 |
| Licenses and permits | | 27,271 | | - | | 27,271 |
| Franchise fees | | 16,843 | | - | | 16,843 |
| Investment earnings | | 1,169 | | 130 | | 1,299 |
| Total revenues | | 1,580,967 | | 1,009,455 | | 2,590,422 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| General government | | 375,067 | | - | | 375,067 |
| Public safety | | 501,888 | | - | | 501,888 |
| Highways and streets | | - | | 188,336 | | 188,336 |
| Culture and recreation | | 136,537 | | - | | 136,537 |
| Capital outlay | | 61,364 | | 735,569 | | 796,933 |
| Total expenditures | | 1,074,856 | | 923,905 | | 1,998,761 |
| Net change in fund balances | | 506,111 | | 85,550 | | 591,661 |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | 1,295,032 | | (57,313) | | 1,237,719 |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 1,801,143 | \$ | 28,237 | \$ | 1,829,380 |

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | | \$ 591,661 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as | | |
| depreciation expense. Capital outlay | 796,933 | |
| | , | 650 792 |
| Depreciation expense | (137,150) | 659,783 |
| Town pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to is reported in the statement of activities. Town pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense | 48,533 (81,023) | (32,490) |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available. | | |
| Decrease in compensated absences payable | | 13,320 |
| | | , |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ 1,232,274 |

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

| | Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds | | | | |
|---|--|------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Water/ | Solid | - | | |
| | Wastewater | Waste | | | |
| | Fund | Fund | Total | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | \$ 22,400 | \$ 13,052 | \$ 35,452 | | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 30,928 | 18,784 | 49,712 | | |
| Prepaid expenses | 18,553 | - | 18,553 | | |
| Due from other funds | - | 230,615 | 230,615 | | |
| Total current assets | 71,881 | 262,451 | 334,332 | | |
| Noncurrent assets | | | | | |
| Net OPEB asset | 4,860 | 1,589 | 6,449 | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | 47,258 | 120,000 | 167,258 | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated, net | 2,814,995 | 399,821 | 3,214,816 | | |
| Capital assets, net | 2,862,253 | 519,821 | 3,382,074 | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,867,113 | 521,410 | 3,388,523 | | |
| Total assets | 2,938,994 | 783,861 | 3,722,855 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Pensions and other postemployment benefits | 42,623 | 13,931 | 56,554 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 4,611 | 2,541 | 7,152 | | |
| Unearned revenue | 43,945 | - | 43,945 | | |
| Refundable deposits | 22,400 | 13,052 | 35,452 | | |
| Due to other funds | 424,476 | - | 424,476 | | |
| Compensated absences payable, current portion | 5,317 | 729 | 6,046 | | |
| Total current liabilities | 500,749 | 16,322 | 517,071 | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | | |
| Estimated liability for landfill closure | - | 276,780 | 276,780 | | |
| Net pension liability | 130,541 | 42,665 | 173,206 | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 130,541 | 319,445 | 449,986 | | |
| Total liabilities | 631,290 | 335,767 | 967,057 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Pensions and other postemployment benefits | 45,446 | 14,853 | 60,299 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 2,862,253 | 519,821 | 3,382,074 | | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | (557,372) | (72,649) | (630,021) | | |
| Total net position | \$ 2,304,881 | \$ 447,172 | \$ 2,752,053 | | |

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------|----|---------|----|-----------|
| | - | Water/ | | Solid | - | |
| | Wastewater | | | Waste | | |
| | Fund | | | Fund | | Total |
| Operating revenues | | | | | | |
| Sewer | \$ | 192,422 | \$ | _ | \$ | 192,422 |
| Sanitation | | - | | 188,107 | | 188,107 |
| Water | | 187,379 | | _ | | 187,379 |
| Total operating revenues | | 379,801 | | 188,107 | | 567,908 |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Personnel | | 177,385 | | 70,672 | | 248,057 |
| Depreciation | | 135,677 | | 40,727 | | 176,404 |
| Supplies | | 57,206 | | 19,096 | | 76,302 |
| Utilities | | 43,684 | | 2,709 | | 46,393 |
| Contract services | | 11,619 | | 21,991 | | 33,610 |
| Other | | 27,648 | | 195 | | 27,843 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 12,464 | | 3,584 | | 16,048 |
| Insurance | | 9,680 | | 3,553 | | 13,233 |
| Travel and training | | 703 | | - | | 703 |
| Total operating expenses | | 476,066 | | 162,527 | | 638,593 |
| Operating income (loss) | | (96,265) | | 25,580 | | (70,685) |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | | | | | |
| Noncapital grants | | 13,747 | | - | | 13,747 |
| Investment earnings | | 762 | | 230 | | 992 |
| Interest expense | | (5,966) | | - | | (5,966) |
| Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | 8,543 | | 230 | | 8,773 |
| Income (loss) | | (87,722) | | 25,810 | | (61,912) |
| Net position, beginning of year | | 2,392,603 | | 421,362 | | 2,813,965 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 2,304,881 | \$ | 447,172 | \$ | 2,752,053 |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Business-type Activi | | | tivitiesEnt | erpris | se Funds |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----|-------------|--------|-----------|
| | Water/ | | | Solid | - | - |
| | W | astewater | | Waste | | |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Total |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ | 362,553 | \$ | 188,883 | \$ | 551,436 |
| Payments to suppliers | | (172,627) | | (65,707) | | (238,334) |
| Payments to employees | | (178,513) | | (70,644) | | (249,157) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | 11,413 | | 52,532 | | 63,945 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities | | | | | | |
| Loaned to other funds | | - | | (230,615) | | (230,615) |
| Received from other funds | | 424,476 | | - | | 424,476 |
| Net cash provided (used) by | | | | | | |
| non-capital financing activities | | 424,476 | | (230,615) | | 193,861 |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities | | | | | | |
| Interest payments on notes payable | | (5,966) | | - | | (5,966) |
| Principal payments on notes payable | | (439,389) | | = | | (439,389) |
| Purchase of capital asset | | (114,804) | | = | | (114,804) |
| Proceeds from noncapital contribution | | 13,747 | | - | | 13,747 |
| Net cash provided (used) by capital | | | | | | |
| and related financing activities | | (546,412) | | - | | (546,412) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | | | | |
| Interest received | | 762 | | 230 | | 992 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | | (109,761) | | (177,853) | | (287,614) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | | 132,161 | | 190,905 | | 323,066 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 22,400 | \$ | 13,052 | \$ | 35,452 |
| Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to statement of net position | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | φ | 22,400 | Ψ | 13,052 | Ψ | 35,452 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 22,400 | \$ | 13,052 | \$ | 35,452 |
| roun cash and cash equivarents, end of year | Ψ | 22,700 | Ψ | 13,032 | Ψ | 33,734 |

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Business-type ActivitiesEn | | | | terprise Funds | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|----|----------|----------------|----------|--|
| | , | Water/ | | Solid | | | |
| | Wa | astewater | , | Waste | | | |
| | | Fund | | Fund | | Total | |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash | | | | | | | |
| provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | (96,265) | \$ | 25,580 | \$ | (70,685) | |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to | | | | | | | |
| net cash provided (used) by operating activities: | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 135,677 | | 40,727 | | 176,404 | |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows | | | | | | | |
| of resources, liabilities, and deferred | | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources: | | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 1,834 | | (73) | | 1,761 | |
| Net OPEB asset | | (4,225) | | (1,382) | | (5,607) | |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions | S | | | | | | |
| and other postemployment benefits | | (9,343) | | (3,054) | | (12,397) | |
| Accounts payable | | (12,255) | | (15,438) | | (27,693) | |
| Unearned revenue | | (19,975) | | - | | (19,975) | |
| Refundable deposits | | 893 | | 849 | | 1,742 | |
| Compensated absences | | (1,128) | | 28 | | (1,100) | |
| Net pension and other postemployment | | | | | | | |
| benefits liability | | (26,397) | | (8,627) | | (35,024) | |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions | | | | | | | |
| and other postemployment benefits | | 42,597 | | 13,922 | | 56,519 | |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | \$ | 11,413 | \$ | 52,532 | \$ | 63,945 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Town (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Town. The blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The Town has no discretely presented component units.

The Town of Patagonia Municipal Property Corporation is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona. The principal objective of the Corporation is to assist the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, in acquiring, constructing, financing, operating, improving or modifying public facilities for the benefit of all Town of Patagonia, Arizona, residents. The Corporation's board of directors consists of three members appointed by the Patagonia Town Council.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the Town). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- Charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided.
- Operating grants and contributions.
- Capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges and insurance premiums, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund, which is legally restricted to expenditures for authorized transportation purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water/Wastewater* and *Solid Waste Funds* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Town Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the Town Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The Town applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end.

The Town's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and pollution remediation obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the Water/Wastewater Fund and the Solid Waste Fund are estimated by the Town. The amounts recorded as uncollectible in the Water/Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds at June 30, 2022 totaled \$13,000 and \$6,700, respectively.

F. Investment Earnings

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 160 hours of vacation hours depending on their years of service. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate up to 360 hours of sick leave hours but any sick hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

| | Capitalization | | Depreciation | Estimated |
|-------------------------|----------------|-------|---------------|---------------------|
| | Thre | shold | Method | Useful Life (years) |
| Land | \$ | 5,000 | N/A | N/A |
| Buildings | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 40 |
| Parks | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 40 |
| Streets | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 20-30 |
| Sewer collection system | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 10-40 |
| Furniture and fixtures | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 5-10 |
| Equipment | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 5-10 |

I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

J. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the Town Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

Deposits—At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Town's total cash in bank was \$566,840, and the bank balance was \$607,011. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or similar insurance. The remainder was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the Town's name.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash in the Water/Wastewater Fund consists of monies restricted for refundable customer deposits in the amount of \$22,400. Restricted cash in the Solid Waste Fund consists of monies restricted for refundable customer deposits in the amount of \$13,052.

Investments—The Town reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5 with a reported amount of \$745,385. The Standard and Poor's credit quality rating of the pool is AAA. The Town reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7, with a reported amount of \$290,587. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool 7 is unrated.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------|----|-----------|
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | _ | | | ' | _ |
| Cash on hand | \$ | 771 | \$ | - | \$ | 771 |
| State treasurer's investment pool 5 | | 709,933 | | 35,452 | | 745,385 |
| State treasurer's investment pool 7 | | 290,587 | | - | | 290,587 |
| Amount of deposits | | 566,840 | | - | | 566,840 |
| Total | \$ | 1,568,131 | \$ | 35,452 | \$ | 1,603,583 |

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments in the General Fund at June 30, 2022 consisted of \$4,136 in state-shared revenue from sales taxes, \$3,353 in state-shared revenue from auto lieu taxes, and \$84,629 in local sales taxes collected by the State.

Amounts due from other governments in the HURF Fund at June 30, 2022 consisted of \$9,039 in state-shared revenue from highway user revenue fund (HURF) taxes and 469,727 in grant revenue from the Community Development Block Grant Program.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

| | Balance | | Balance | |
|---|----------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| | July 1, 2021 | Increases | Decreases | June 30, 2022 |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 355,867 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 355,867 |
| Construction in progress | 84,381 | 735,569 | (84,381) | 735,569 |
| Total capital assets not | | | | |
| being depreciated | 440,248 | 735,569 | (84,381) | 1,091,436 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Equipment | 476,020 | 14,497 | - | 490,517 |
| Buildings | 1,829,175 | - | - | 1,829,175 |
| Parks | 241,427 | 131,248 | - | 372,675 |
| Streets | 3,670,780 | - | - | 3,670,780 |
| Total | 6,217,402 | 145,745 | - | 6,363,147 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Equipment | (337,636) | (32,333) | - | (369,969) |
| Buildings | (1,244,252) | (59,259) | - | (1,303,511) |
| Parks | (240,690) | (6,725) | - | (247,415) |
| Streets | (3,067,774) | (38,833) | - | (3,106,607) |
| Total | \$ (4,890,352) | \$(137,150) | \$ - | (5,027,502) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 1,327,050 | 8,595 | | 1,335,645 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 1,767,298 | \$ 744,164 | \$ (84,381) | \$ 2,427,081 |

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions as follows:

| Governmental activities: | |
|--|---------------|
| General government | \$ 41,103 |
| Public safety | 24,169 |
| Highways and streets | 46,214 |
| Culture and recreation | 25,664 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ 137,150 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

| | Balance July 1, 2021 | Increases | Balance June 30, 2022 | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Business-type activities: | July 1, 2021 | Hiereases | Decreases | 3 tille 30, 2022 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 150,540 | \$ - | S - | \$ 150,540 |
| Construction in progress | - | 16,718 | _ | 16,718 |
| Total capital assets not | | 10,710 | | 10,710 |
| being depreciated | 150,540 | 16,718 | | 167,258 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 738,732 | - | - | 738,732 |
| Buildings | 1,737,224 | _ | - | 1,737,224 |
| Utility systems | 2,711,806 | _ | - | 2,711,806 |
| Machinery and equipment | 659,418 | 98,086 | - | 757,504 |
| Total | 5,847,180 | 98,086 | | 5,945,266 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | (341,127) | (24,625) | - | (365,752) |
| Buildings | (756,240) | (43,431) | - | (799,671) |
| Utility systems | (921,180) | (68,411) | - | (989,591) |
| Machinery and equipment | (535,499) | (39,937) | - | (575,436) |
| Total | \$ (2,554,046) | \$(176,404) | \$ - | (2,730,450) |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 3,293,134 | (78,318) | | 3,214,816 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | \$ 3,443,674 | \$ (61,600) | \$ - | \$ 3,382,074 |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| Business-type activities: | |
|---|---------------|
| Water/Wastewater | \$ 135,677 |
| Solid Waste | 40,727 |
| Total business-type activities depreciation expense | \$ 176,404 |

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2022.

| Balance | | | Balance | Due within |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|
| July 1, 2021 | Additions | Reductions June 30, 202 | | 1 year |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| \$ 25,213 | \$ - | \$ 13,320 | \$ 11,893 | \$ 11,893 |
| 1,119,732 | | 251,767 | 867,965 | - |
| | | | | |
| \$ 1,144,945 | \$ - | \$ 265,087 | \$ 879,858 | \$ 11,893 |
| | July 1, 2021 \$ 25,213 1,119,732 | July 1, 2021 Additions \$ 25,213 \$ - 1,119,732 | July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions \$ 25,213 \$ - \$ 13,320 1,119,732 - 251,767 | July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 \$ 25,213 \$ - \$ 13,320 \$ 11,893 1,119,732 - 251,767 867,965 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

| |] | Balance | | | | |] | Balance | Du | e within |
|--------------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|---------|------|----------|-----|------------|----|----------|
| | Jul | ly 1, 2021 | Ado | ditions | Red | ductions | Jun | e 30, 2022 | 1 | y ear |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences payable | \$ | 7,146 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,100 | \$ | 6,046 | \$ | 6,046 |
| Net pension/OPEB liability | | 208,230 | | - | | 35,024 | | 173,206 | | - |
| Landfill closure costs | | 276,780 | | - | | - | | 276,780 | | - |
| Notes payable from direct borrowings | | | | | | | | | | |
| and direct placements | | 439,389 | | - | 2 | 139,389 | | - | | - |
| Total business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| long-term liabilities | \$ | 931,545 | \$ | - | \$ 4 | 175,513 | \$ | 456,032 | \$ | 6,046 |

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

| Statement of net position and | Governmental | | Business-type | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| statement of activities | A | ctivities | Activities | | Total |
| Net OPEB assets | \$ | 10,798 | \$ | 6,449 | \$ 17,247 |
| Net pension and OPEB liabilities | | 867,965 | | 173,206 | 1,041,171 |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | |
| related to pension and OPEB | | 148,561 | | 56,554 | 205,115 |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | |
| related to pension and OPEB | | 280,133 | | 60,299 | 340,432 |
| Pension and OPEB expense | | 81,023 | | 21,163 | 102,186 |

The Town reported \$29,030 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date: | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Before July 1, 2011 | On or after July 1, 2011 | | | | | |
| Years of service and age | Sum of years and age equals 80 | 30 years age 55 | | | | | |
| required to receive benefit | 10 years age 62 | 25 years age 60 | | | | | |
| | 5 years age 50* | 10 years age 62 | | | | | |
| | Any years age 65 | 5 years age 50* | | | | | |
| | | Any years age 65 | | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 months of last 120 months | Highest 60 months of last 120 months | | | | | |
| Benefit percent per year of service | 2.1% to 2.3% | 2.1% to 2.3% | | | | | |

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2022, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.22 percent for retirement and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.01 percent for retirement, 0.21 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$44,888, \$771, and \$707, respectively.

During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 54.56 percent from the General Fund, 8.05 percent from the HURF Fund, 28.18 percent from the Water/Wastewater Fund, and 9.21 percent from the Solid Waste Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Liability – At June 30, 2022, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

| | Net Pension/OPEB | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | (Asse | (Asset) Liability | | | |
| Pension | \$ | 462,512 | | | |
| Health insurance premium benefit | | (17,247) | | | |
| Long-term disability | | 729 | | | |

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of **June 30, 2021**. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2021, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7-7.2 percent to 2.9-8.4 percent.

The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town's proportions measured as of June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2020, were:

| | Proportion | Increase (decrease) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| _ | June 30, 2021 | from June 30, 2020 |
| Pension | 0.00352% | 0.00032% |
| Health insurance premium benefit | 0.00354% | 0.00036% |
| Long-term disability | 0.00353% | 0.00028% |

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

| | Pension/OPEB Expense |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Pension | 58,059 |
| Health insurance premium benefit | (2,021) |
| Long-term disability | 563 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | | | rces | |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|---|----------|-----------------------------|
| | | | E | Iealth | | |
| | | | Ins | surance | Lon | g-Term |
| | 1 | Pension | Pr | emium | Dis | ability |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 7,051 | \$ | - | \$ | 210 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 60,200 | | 855 | | 233 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan in | | - | | - | | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions | | | | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | | 36,151 | | - | | 190 |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 44,888 | | 771 | | 705 |
| Total | ¢ | 148,290 | \$ | 1,626 | \$ | 1,338 |
| 1 Otal | Φ | 170,270 | Ψ | 1,020 | | <i>)</i> |
| Total | φ | · | _ | | <u> </u> | |
| Total | J | · | d Inf | lows of R | <u> </u> | |
| Total | J. | · | d Inf | lows of R | esoui | rces |
| Total | | · | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth | Lon | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | Deferre | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth surance | Lon | ces g-Term |
| | | Deferre | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth surance emium | Lon | cces g-Term sability |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | | Deferre | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth surance emium 5,981 | Lon | g-Term sability |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions | | Deferre Pension - - | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth surance emium 5,981 697 | Lon | rces g-Term sability 59 918 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings | | Deferre Pension - - | d Inf F Ins | lows of R lealth surance emium 5,981 697 | Lon | rces g-Term sability 59 918 |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | | Health | ı İnsurance | Long-Term | |
|---------------------|----|----------|--------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| Year ended June 30, | 1 | Pension | Premi | ium Benefit | <u>_</u> | ois ability |
| 2023 | \$ | 22,642 | \$ | (2,897) | \$ | (121) |
| 2024 | | 17,024 | | (2,779) | | (111) |
| 2025 | | (32,305) | | (3,044) | | (130) |
| 2026 | | (50,499) | | (3,358) | | (208) |
| 2027 | | - | | (278) | | (65) |
| Thereafter | | - | | - | | (252) |

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

| AS | RS |
|----|----|
| | |

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2020 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial roll forward date | June 30, 2021 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.0% |
| Projected salary increases | 2.9-8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Inflation | 2.3% |
| Permanent benefit increase | Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit |
| Recovery rates | 2012 GLDT for long-term disability |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return |
|--|-------------------|--|
| Equity | 50% | 4.90% |
| Fixed income - credit | 20% | 5.20% |
| Fixed income - interest rate sensitive | 10% | 0.07% |
| Real estate | 20% | 5.70% |
| Total | 100% | |

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

| | Current Discount | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------|----------|--------------------|----------|
| | 1% Decrease (6.0%) | | Rate (7.0%) | | 1% Increase (8.0%) | |
| Town's Proportionate share of the | | _ | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 727,493 | \$ | 462,512 | \$ | 241,592 |
| Net insurance premium benefit | | | | | | |
| liability (asset) | | (11,419) | | (17,247) | | (22,203) |
| Net long-term disability liability | | 949 | | 729 | | 516 |

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the Town's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Mem | bership Date: |
|--|---|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017 |
| Retirement and Disability | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | 20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62 | 25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5 |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years |
| Benefit percentage | | |
| Normal Retirement | 50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80% | 1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80% |
| Accidental Disability Retirement | 50% or normal retireme | ent, whichever is greater |
| Catastrophic Disability Retirement | , , | reduced to either 62.5% or normal chever is greater |
| Ordinary Disability Retirement | years of credited service, whichever | nctual years of credited service or 20 yer is greater, multiplied by years of cred 20 years) divided by 20 |
| Survivor Benefit | | |
| Retired Members | 80% to 100% of retired 1 | member's pension benefit |
| Active Members | average monthly compensation if of | rility retirement benefit or 100% of death was result of injuries received ne job |

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

| | PSPRS Police | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | Pension | Health | | | | |
| Inactive employees or | | | | | | |
| beneficiaries currently receiving | | | | | | |
| benefits | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Inactive employees entitled to | | | | | | |
| but not yet receiving benefits | 3 | = | | | | |
| Active employees | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| Total | 7 | 4 | | | | |

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2022, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

| | | | Town-Health |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Active Member- | | Insurance |
| | Pension | Town-Pension | Premium Benefit |
| PSPRS Police | 7.65% - 11.65% | 54.94% | 1.37% |

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were:

| | | Health Insurance |
|--------------|---------|------------------|
| | Pension | Premium Benefit |
| PSPRS Police | 2,376 | - |

During fiscal year 2022, the Town paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100 percent from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2022, the Town reported the following liability:

| | Net Pen | sion (Asset) | Net (| OPEB (Asset) | |
|--------------|---------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--|
| | Li | ability | Liability | | |
| PSPRS Police | \$ | 561,550 | \$ | 16,380 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of **June 30, 2021**, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2021 |
|----------------------------|--|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.30% |
| Wage inflation | 3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Price inflation | 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Cost-of-living adjustment | 1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | PubS-2010 tables |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.3 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long term Expected

| | | Long-ter in Expected |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | Geometric Real |
| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Rate of Return |
| U.S Public Equity | 24% | 4.08% |
| International Public Equity | 16% | 5.20% |
| Global Private Equity | 20% | 7.67% |
| Other Assets (Capital | 7% | 5.43% |
| Appreciation) | | |
| Core Bonds | 2% | 0.42% |
| Private credit | 20% | 5.74% |
| Diversifying Strategies | 10% | 3.99% |
| Cash - Mellon | 1% | -0.31% |
| Total | 100% | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.3 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

| | |] | | Pension se (Decrease |) | |
|--|----|----------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| | | Total Pension Liability | | Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | et Pension ility (Asset) |
| | | (a) | (b) | | (a) - (b) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2021 | \$ | 1,539,056 | \$ | 790,837 | \$ | 748,219 |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 41,714 | | - | | 41,714 |
| Interest on the total liability | | 112,612 | | - | | 112,612 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | |
| experience in the measurement of the liability | | (42,053) | | - | | (42,053) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 68,093 | | (68,093) |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | 10,305 | | (10,305) |
| Net investment income | | - | | 221,587 | | (221,587) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | |
| emp loy ee contributions | | (76,285) | | (76,285) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (1,043) | | 1,043 |
| Other changes | | - | | - | | - |
| Net changes | | 35,988 | | 222,657 | | (186,669) |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 1,575,044 | \$ | 1,013,494 | \$ | 561,550 |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|----|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| | | l Pension iability | | Fiduciary Position | (Asse | et OPEB t) Liability |
| | _ | (a) | _ | (b) | | a) - (b) |
| Balances at June 30, 2021 | \$ | 39,742 | \$ | 16,913 | \$ | 22,829 |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 1,285 | | - | | 1,285 |
| Interest | | 2,881 | | - | | 2,881 |
| Differences between expected and actual | | | | | | |
| experience in the measurement of the liability | | (4,652) | | - | | (4,652) |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 1,679 | | (1,679) |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | - | | - |
| Net investment income | | - | | 4,302 | | (4,302) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of | | | | | | |
| employee contributions | | (3,120) | | (3,120) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (18) | | 18 |
| Net changes | - | (3,606) | | 2,843 | | (6,449) |
| Balances at June 30, 2022 | \$ | 36,136 | \$ | 19,756 | \$ | 16,380 |
| | | | _ | | | |

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.3 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.3 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.3 percent) than the current rate:

| | | | Current Discount Rate (7.3%) | | 1% Increase (8.3%) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|----|------------------------------|----|--------------------|
| PSPRS Police | | | | | |
| Net pension (asset) liability | \$ 760,469 | \$ | 561,550 | \$ | 399,573 |
| Net OPEB (asset) liability | 19,912 | | 16,380 | | 13,375 |

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

| | Pensio | on Expense | OPEB Expense | | |
|--------------|--------|------------|--------------|-------|--|
| PSPRS Police | \$ | 36,121 | \$ | 9,464 | |

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 7 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2022, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | Γ | Deferred (Reso | Outfl urces | |
|--|----|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | P | ension | Ins | ealth urance emium |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 10,170 | \$ | 604 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 40,591 | | 120 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | - | | - |
| Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 2,376 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 53,137 | \$ | 724 |
| | | Deferred | Inflo | ws of |
| | | Reso | urces | |
| | | | H | ealth |
| | | | Ins | urance |
| | P | ension | Pr | emium |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 28,308 | \$ | 4,119 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | 48,561 | | - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | | 96,427 | | 1,746 |
| Total | \$ | 173,296 | \$ | 5,865 |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | PSPRS Police | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----|--------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | F | ension | Health | | | | | | | | | |
| Year ended June 30, | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | \$ | (45,884) | \$ | (1,235) | | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | | (20,474) | | (1,216) | | | | | | | | |
| 2025 | | (23,414) | | (1,287) | | | | | | | | |
| 2026 | | (32,763) | | (1,403) | | | | | | | | |
| 2027 | | - | | - | | | | | | | | |
| Thereafter | | _ | | _ | | | | | | | | |

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

NOTE 8 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Due from and to other funds as of June 30, 2022, was as follows:

| | Due | e to | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | General | General Solid Waste | | | | | | |
| Due From | Fund | Fund | Total | | | | | |
| Water/Wastewater Fund | \$ 193,861 | \$ 230,615 | \$ 424,476 | | | | | |

The above interfund receivables and payables were recorded to cover a cash deficit at year-end. Funds were received or are expected to be received subsequent to June 30, 2022 to cover the deficit.

NOTE 9 – CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Town reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$276,780 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2022, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 40 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The Town will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$268,984 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2021-2022. The Town expects to close the landfill in the year 2050, and the actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, and changes in regulations.

The Town of Patagonia, Arizona is required to file certain information relating to the landfill closure, postclosure, and monitoring with the State of Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ). The required information was filed with the State subsequent to June 30, 2022.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | Budgeted Amounts | | | unts | | Actual | Variance with | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|---------------|-----------|--|
| | | Original | | Final | A | Amounts | Fina | al Budget | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 310,064 | \$ | 310,064 | \$ | 449,609 | \$ | 139,545 | |
| Taxes | | 435,231 | | 435,231 | | 671,702 | | 236,471 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | | 39,720 | | 39,720 | | 39,217 | | (503) | |
| Licenses and permits | | 26,800 | | 26,800 | | 27,271 | | 471 | |
| Charges for services | | 33,748 | | 33,748 | | 37,143 | | 3,395 | |
| Franchise fees | | 13,250 | | 13,250 | | 16,843 | | 3,593 | |
| Other revenue | | 121,175 | | 121,175 | | 338,013 | | 216,838 | |
| Investment income | | 1,000 | | 1,000 | | 1,169 | | 169 | |
| Total revenues | | 980,988 | | 980,988 | | 1,580,967 | | 599,979 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| Court | | 41,272 | | 41,272 | | 36,211 | | 5,061 | |
| Administration | | 257,979 | | 257,979 | | 237,854 | | 20,125 | |
| Mayor and council | | 4,200 | | 4,200 | | 4,021 | | 179 | |
| Professional services | | 27,000 | | 27,000 | | 60,878 | | (33,878) | |
| Fire company | | 55,000 | | 55,000 | | 55,000 | | - | |
| Police | | 358,433 | | 358,433 | | 382,994 | | (24,561) | |
| Animal control | | 27,799 | | 27,799 | | 25,713 | | 2,086 | |
| Library | | 112,326 | | 112,326 | | 118,822 | | (6,496) | |
| Parks | | 70,789 | | 70,789 | | 67,099 | | 3,690 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 14,585 | | 14,585 | | 13,751 | | 834 | |
| Contingency | | 100,000 | | 100,000 | | 72,513 | | 27,487 | |
| Total expenditures | | 1,069,383 | | 1,069,383 | | 1,074,856 | | (5,473) | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | (88,395) | | (88,395) | | 506,111 | | 594,506 | |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers | | (89,752) | | (89,752) | | | | 89,752 | |
| Net change in fund balances | | (178,147) | | (178,147) | | 506,111 | | 684,258 | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | 1,295,032 | | 1,295,032 | | 1,295,032 | | | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 1,116,885 | \$ | 1,116,885 | \$ | 1,801,143 | \$ | 684,258 | |

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

| | | Budgeted | Amou | unts | | Actual | Variance with | | |
|---------------------------------|----|----------|------|----------|----|-----------|---------------|------------|--|
| | (| Original | | Final | A | mounts | Fin | al Budget_ | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Intergovernmental | \$ | 201,053 | \$ | 201,053 | \$ | 849,325 | \$ | 648,272 | |
| Other revenue | | - | | - | | 160,000 | | 160,000 | |
| Investment income | | | | | | 130 | | 130 | |
| Total revenues | | 201,053 | | 201,053 | | 1,009,455 | | 808,402 | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | |
| Highways and streets | | 193,904 | | 193,904 | | 188,336 | | 5,568 | |
| Capital outlay | | - | | | | 735,569 | | (735,569) | |
| Total expenditures | | 193,904 | | 193,904 | | 923,905 | | (730,001) | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenue | | | | | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | | 7,149 | | 7,149 | | 85,550 | | 78,401 | |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers | | 89,752 | | 89,752 | | | | (89,752) | |
| Net change in fund balances | | 96,901 | | 96,901 | | 85,550 | | (11,351) | |
| Fund balance, beginning of year | | (57,313) | | (57,313) | | (57,313) | | <u>-</u> | |
| Fund balance, end of year | \$ | 39,588 | \$ | 39,588 | \$ | 28,237 | \$ | (11,351) | |

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the Town to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Town Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Town Councils' approval.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Town's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the Professional services, Police, and Library departments of the General Fund. The Town exceeded their total budget for the General Fund and HURF Fund.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans

June 30, 2022

AS RS-Pension Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

| | 2022 (2021) | 2021 (2020) | 2020 (2019) | 2019 (2018) | 2018 (2017) | 2017 (2016) | 2016 (2015) | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2013 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Town's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.352000% | 0.003200% | 0.003120% | 0.003240% | 0.003220% | 0.003230% | 0.002830% | 0.003194% | Information |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 462,512 | \$ 554,449 | \$ 453,996 | \$ 451,866 | \$ 501,613 | \$ 521,354 | \$ 440,397 | \$ 472,585 | not available |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | \$ 302,433 | \$ 260,413 | \$ 287,907 | |
| Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability | | | | | | | | | |
| as a percentage of its covered payroll | 123.64% | 168.06% | 137.61% | 140.13% | 159.53% | 172.39% | 169.11% | 164.15% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total | | | | | | | | | |
| pension liability | 78.58% | 69.33% | 73.24% | 73.40% | 69.92% | 67.06% | 68.35% | 69.49% | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2022

ASRS-Health Insurance Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

| | | | (Micasurci | nent Date) | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|
| | 2022 (2021) | 2021 (2020) | 2020 (2019) | 2019 (2018) | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2013 |
| Town's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | 0.003540% | 0.003180% | 0.003110% | 0.003220% | 0.003220% | Information not available |
| liability | \$ (17,247) | \$ (2,251) | \$ (859) | \$ (1,159) | \$ (1,753) | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | |
| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | | | | | | |
| liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | -4.61% | -0.68% | -0.26% | -0.36% | -0.56% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the | | | | | | |
| total OPEB (asset) liability | 130.24% | 104.33% | 101.62% | 102.20% | 103.57% | |
| | | | | Fiscal Year nent Date) | | |
| | 2022 (2021) | 2021 (2020) | 2020 (2019) | 2019 (2018) | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2013 |
| Town's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | 0.003530% | 0.003250% | 0.003110% | 0.003250% | 0.003210% | Information not available |
| liability | \$ 729 | \$ 2,465 | \$ 2,026 | \$ 1,698 | \$ 1,164 | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | |
| Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll | 0.19% | 0.75% | 0.61% | 0.53% | 0.37% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset) liability | 90.38% | 68.01% | 72.85% | 77.83% | 84.44% | |

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's

Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans

June 30, 2022

PSPRS - Pension

| Re | porting | Fiscal | Y | ea | ar |
|----|---------|--------|---|----|----|
| _ | - | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | (Me | asu | rement Da | ite) | | | | | | |
|--|------|----------------|------|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|----------------|------|---|------|----------------|-----|----------------|-------------------------|
| | | 2022 (2021) | | 2021 (2020) | | 2020 (2019) | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | | 2017 (2016) | | 2016 (2015) | | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2013 |
| Total pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Information |
| Service cost | \$ | 41,714 | \$ | 47,351 | \$ | 38,292 | \$ | 32,532 | \$ | 39,367 | \$ | 32,762 | \$ | 23,998 | \$ | 12,222 | not |
| Interest on the total pension liability | | 112,612 | | 107,362 | | 100,615 | | 95,629 | | 90,538 | | 99,645 | | 89,395 | | 65,583 | available |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 13,959 | | (137,660) | | - | | 51,744 | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience in the measurement | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of the pension liability | | (42,053) | | (21,843) | | 40,679 | | (7,974) | | (14,364) | | (43,689) | | 83,333 | | 5,598 | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | (145,682) | | 162,365 | | - | | 32,454 | | 53,993 | | - | | 232,088 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (76,285) | | (74,789) | | (73,323) | _ | (76,341) | | (70,533) | | (70,533) | | (70,533) | | (69,041) | |
| Net change in total pension liability | | 35,988 | | (87,601) | | 268,628 | | 43,846 | | 91,421 | | (65,482) | | 126,193 | | 298,194 | |
| Total pension liability - beginning | | ,539,056 | | ,626,657 | _ | ,358,029 | | ,314,183 | | ,222,762 | _ | ,288,244 | | ,162,051 | | 863,857 | |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | \$ 1 | ,575,044 | \$ 1 | ,539,056 | \$1 | ,626,657 | \$1 | ,358,029 | \$1 | ,314,183 | \$1 | ,222,762 | \$1. | ,288,244 | \$1 | ,162,051 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 68,093 | \$ | 74,771 | \$ | 74,968 | \$ | 53,612 | \$ | 74,886 | \$ | 71,823 | \$ | 53,850 | \$ | 22,396 | |
| Contributions - employee | Ф | 10,305 | Ф | 14,338 | Ф | 15,504 | Ф | 11,403 | Ф | 16,191 | Ф | 15,649 | Ф | 13,518 | Ф | 10,293 | |
| Net investment income | | 221,587 | | 9,955 | | 15,504 | | 46,962 | | 72,386 | | 3,452 | | 20,805 | | 70,331 | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | 221,307 | | 9,933 | | - | | 40,902 | | 72,300 | | 3,432 | | 20,803 | | 70,551 | |
| of employee contributions | | (76,285) | | (74,789) | | 38,829 | | (76,341) | | (70,533) | | (70,533) | | (70,533) | | (69,041) | |
| Hall/Parker Settlement | | (70,203) | | (/4,/0/) | | (73,323) | | (13,449) | | (70,555) | | (70,555) | | (70,555) | | (02,041) | |
| Administrative expense | | (1,043) | | (812) | | (1,675) | | (1,415) | | (1,040) | | (898) | | (889) | | _ | |
| Other changes | | (1,013) | | (2,578) | | (1,075) | | 9 | | 9 | | 5 | | (523) | | (23,125) | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 222,657 | _ | 20,885 | _ | 54,303 | _ | 20,781 | | 91.899 | _ | 19,498 | | 16,228 | _ | 10,854 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 790,837 | | 769,952 | | 715,649 | | 694,868 | | 602,969 | | 583,471 | | 567,243 | | 556,389 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ 1 | ,013,494 | \$ | 790,837 | \$ | 769,952 | \$ | 715,649 | \$ | 694,868 | \$ | 602,969 | _ | 583,471 | \$ | 567,243 | |
| , , | Ť | ,, . | _ | , | _ | , | ÷ | | _ | ,,,,,,, | _ | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | Ė | | _ | | |
| Town's net pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (asset) - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 561,550 | \$ | 748,219 | \$ | 856,705 | \$ | 642,380 | \$ | 619,315 | \$ | 619,793 | \$ | 704,773 | \$ | 594,808 | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 64.35% | | 51.38% | | 47.33% | | 52.70% | | 52.87% | | 49.31% | | 45.29% | | 48.81% | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 112,820 | \$ | 164,325 | \$ | 171,550 | \$ | 129,248 | \$ | 140,949 | \$ | 134,324 | \$ | 122,331 | \$ | 101,139 | |
| Town's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll | | 497.74% | | 455.33% | | 499.39% | | 497.01% | | 439.39% | | 461.42% | | 576.12% | | 588.11% | |

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2022

PSPRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| Re | port | ing | Fiscal | Year | |
|----|------|-----|--------|------|--|
| | | | | | |

| | (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | 20 (20 | | | 2021 (2020) | | 2020 (2019) | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2013 | | |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 1,285 | \$ | 1,311 | \$ | 801 | \$ | 737 | \$ | 958 | Information | | |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | | 2,881 | | 2,783 | | 2,755 | | (189) | | 337 | not | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | available | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience in the measurement | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of the pension liability | | (4,652) | | - | | (798) | | 47,903 | | (169) | | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | 905 | | 237 | | - | | (529) | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (3,120) | | (3,120) | | (3,120) | | (15,080) | | | | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | (3,606) | | 1,879 | | (125) | | 33,371 | | 597 | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | Φ. | 39,742 | Φ. | 37,863 | _ | 37,988 | _ | 4,617 | _ | 4,020 | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 36,136 | \$ | 39,742 | \$ | 37,863 | \$ | 37,988 | \$ | 4,617 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,679 | \$ | 2,199 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | | | |
| Net investment income | Ψ | 4,302 | Ψ | 207 | Ψ | 995 | Ψ | 1,965 | Ψ | 3,474 | | | |
| Benefit payments, including refunds | | 1,502 | | 207 | | ,,,, | | 1,705 | | 3,171 | | | |
| of employee contributions | | (3,120) | | (3,120) | | (3,120) | | (15,080) | | _ | | | |
| Administrative expense | | (18) | | (17) | | (17) | | (30) | | (31) | | | |
| Other changes | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | 2,843 | | (731) | | (2,142) | | (13,145) | _ | 3,443 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 16,913 | | 17,644 | | 19,786 | | 32,931 | | 29,488 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 19,756 | \$ | 16,913 | \$ | 17,644 | \$ | 19,786 | \$ | 32,931 | | | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | _ | | | | |
| Town's net OPEB (asset) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 16,380 | \$ | 22,829 | \$ | 20,219 | \$ | 18,202 | \$ | (28,314) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 54.67% | | 42.56% | | 46.60% | | 52.08% | | 713.26% | | | |
| percentage of the total of 22 masinty | | 31.0770 | | 12.5070 | | 10.0070 | | 32.0070 | | 713.2070 | | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 112,820 | \$ | 164,325 | \$ | 171,550 | \$ | 129,248 | \$ | 140,949 | | | |
| Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as a | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| percentage of covered payroll | | 14.52% | | 13.89% | | 11.79% | | 14.08% | | -20.09% | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

AS RS-Pension Reporting Fiscal Year

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ 44,888 | \$ 46,692 | \$ 40,016 | \$ 36,753 | \$ 35,148 | \$ 33,896 | \$ 32,814 | \$ 28,359 | \$ 30,806 | Information |
| Town's contributions in relation to the | | | | | | | | | | not available |
| statutorily required contribution | (44,888) | (46,692) | (40,016) | (36,753) | (35,148) | (33,896) | (32,814) | (28,359) | (30,806) | |
| Town's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 387,806 | \$ 350,061 | \$ 329,919 | \$ 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | \$ 302,433 | \$ 260,413 | \$ 287,907 | |
| Town's contributions as a percentage of | | | | | | | | | | |
| covered payroll | 12.00% | 12.04% | 11.45% | 11.14% | 10.90% | 10.78% | 10.85% | 10.89% | 10.70% | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

AS RS-Health Insurance Premium Reporting Fiscal Year

| | | | · I· | | 9 | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------|-------------|-----|---------|---------------|---------------------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 through 2013 |
| Statutorily required contribution Town's contributions in relation to the | \$ 771 | \$ 1,512 | \$ 1,665 | \$ | 1,474 | \$ | 1,380 | \$ 1,733 | Information not available |
| statutorily required contribution | (771) | (1,512) | (1,665) | | (1,474) | | (1,380) | (1,733) | |
| Town's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 387,806 | \$ 350,061 | \$ | 329,919 | \$ | 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | |
| Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.21% | 0.39% | 0.49% | | 0.44% | | 0.44% | 0.55% | |
| | | | AS RS-I | οn | g-Term Di | sah | ility | | |
| | | | | | ng Fiscal Y | | - | | |
| | | | тер | 01 (1 | ing riseur | | | | 2016 |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | through 2013 |
| Statutorily required contribution Town's contributions in relation to the | \$ 705 | \$ 698 | \$ 596 | \$ | 517 | \$ | 515 | \$ 437 | Information not available |
| statutorily required contribution | (705) | (698) | (596) | | (517) | | (515) | (437) | |
| Town's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ - | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ 374,076 | \$ 387,806 | \$ 350,061 | \$ | 329,919 | \$ | 322,459 | \$ 314,434 | |
| Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.19% | 0.18% | 0.49% | | 0.44% | | 0.44% | 0.14% | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

PS PRS-Pension Reporting Fiscal Year

| | | 2022 | | 2021 | _ | 2020 | _ | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | _ | 2014 | 2013 |
|--|----|---------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|----|----------|---------------|---------------|----|----------|---------------------------|
| Actuarially determined contribution Town's contributions in relation to the | \$ | 2,376 | \$ | 53,106 | \$ | 74,222 | \$ | 74,968 | \$ | 53,612 | \$ | 74,886 | \$ 71,823 | \$ 53,850 | \$ | 22,396 | Information not available |
| actuarially determined contribution | | (2,376) | | (53,106) | | (74,222) | | (74,968) | | (53,612) | | (74,886) | (71,823) | (53,850) | | (22,396) | |
| Town's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ | - | |
| Town's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 3,916 | \$ | 123,560 | \$ | 158,459 | \$ | 171,550 | \$ | 129,248 | \$ | 140,949 | \$ 134,324 | \$ 122,331 | \$ | 101,139 | |
| Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 60.67% | | 42.98% | | 46.84% | | 43.70% | | 41.48% | | 53.13% | 53.47% | 44.02% | | 22.14% | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

PS PRS-Health Insurance Premium Reporting Fiscal Year

| | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | | 2019 | | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 through 2013 | | |
|---|------|-------|------|---------|------|---------|------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Actuarially determined contribution Town's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ | - | \$ | 1,679 | \$ | 2,199 | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ - | Information not available | | |
| Town's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | \$ _ | | | |
| Town's covered payroll | \$ | 3,916 | \$ | 123,560 | \$ | 158,459 | \$ | 171,550 | \$ 129,248 | \$ 140,949 | | | |
| Town's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.00% | | 1.36% | | 1.39% | | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | | | |

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization 17 years

period as of the 2020 actuarial valuation

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return
In the 2019 actuarial valuatio, the investment rate of return was

decreased form 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of

return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were

decreased from 4.0% - 8.0% to 3.5% - 7.5% for PSPRS. In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5% - 8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0% for PSPRS. In 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0% - 9.0% to 4.5% - 8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to

3.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation,

wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the

2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table

(adjusted by 105% for both males and females).

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS - Continued

law's effective date and fiscal year 2020 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date.

These changes increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Patagonia, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We

did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-002.

Town of Patagonia, Arizona Town of Patagonia, Arizona's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Patagonia, Arizona's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby + Powell
December 22, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Town Council Town of Patagonia, Arizona Town of Patagonia, Arizona

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of The Town of Patagonia, Arizona's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The Town of Patagonia, Arizona's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Town of Patagonia, Arizona complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Town of Patagonia, Arizona and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Town of Patagonia, Arizona's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Town of Patagonia, Arizona's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Town of Patagonia, Arizona's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Patagonia, Arizona's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Town of Patagonia, Arizona's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby + Powell
December 22, 2022

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

| Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title | Federal CFDA Number | Pass through Grantor's Number | Disbursements/ Expenditures |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Arizona Department of Housing: Community Development Block Grant | 14.228 | 130-20 | 759,569 |
| Total Federal Assistance | | | \$ 759,569 |

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual/accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Town of Patagonia, Arizona did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

| Type of auditor's report issued | Unmodified | | | | | | |
|--|------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|
| Internal control over financial reporting: | | | | | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? | X_Yes | | _No | | | | |
| Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? | XYes | | _No | | | | |
| Federal Awards | | | | | | | |
| Internal control over major federal programs: | | | | | | | |
| Material weakness(es) identified? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: | Unmodified | 1 | | | | | |
| Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with CFR 200.516(a)? | Yes | X | _No | | | | |
| Identification of major federal programs: CFDA | | | | | | | |
| Number Name of Federal Program 14.228 Community Development Block Grant | | | | | | | |
| Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: | \$750,000 | | | | | | |
| Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? | Yes | X | No | | | | |

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2022-001

Subject: General ledger maintenance and reconciliation.

Criteria/Specific Requirements: To help ensure that internal and external financial reports are accurate, timely, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, general ledger accounts should be reconciled on a monthly basis and supporting schedules should be prepared and reconciled with these general ledger accounts.

Condition: At the time of the audit, the Town had incorrect balances in many of its asset and liability accounts. Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the Town in the financial statements.

Cause/Effect: Due to employee oversight, the need of proper training, and lack of management's review of performance, internal control procedures such as reconciliations of various general ledger accounts were not performed.

Recommendation: The Town's Finance Department should evaluate and implement closing procedures that establish clear deadlines for recording transactions and reconciling accounts to the general ledger and subsidiary ledgers. The Finance Department should also evaluate procedures to ensure that all accounts are reconciled and supported by documentation.

Response: Management agrees with this finding and will evaluate and implement closing procedures that will establish clear timelines and deadlines for recording transactions and reconciliations to the general ledger and sub ledgers.

Management's Views and Corrective Action: See corrective action plan.

Item: 2022-002

Subject: Annual Expenditure Limitation.

Criteria/Specific Requirements: State law requires that the Town approve an annual expenditure limitation to control the Town's yearly expenditures.

Condition: During the year the Town received a CDBG grant to fix their streets and the Town approved the paying off a loan early.

Cause/Effect: The expenditure of fixing of their streets and the paying off the loan increased their expenditures which caused them to go over their approved annual expenditure limitation. The

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2022

result could be that the Town will not receive their total share of State Urban Revenue funds for one year.

Recommendation: When preparing the Town's annual expenditure limitation, Town should plan for all contingencies that might happen during the year to ensure they stay under the expenditure limitation. If the Town, due to unforeseen circumstances, plans on exceeding their approved expenditure limitation, the Town should revise their annual expenditure limitation.

Management's Views and Corrective Action: See corrective action plan.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None noted.



TOWN OF PATAGONIA

P.O. BOX 767
PATAGONIA, AZ 85624
Ron Robinson
Town Manager

Corrective Action Plan

We have prepared the following corrective action plan as required by the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* and by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Specifically, for each item, we are providing you with our responsible officials' views, the names of the contact people responsible for corrective action, the corrective action planned, and the anticipated completion date.

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2022-001 - General Ledger Maintenance and Reconciliation

Condition: At the time of the audit, the Town had incorrect balances in many of its asset and liability accounts. Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the Town in the financial statements.

Recommendation: The auditors recommend that the Town's Finance Department should evaluate and implement closing procedures that establish clear deadlines for recording transactions and reconciling accounts to the general ledger and subsidiary ledgers. The Finance Department should also evaluate procedures to ensure that all accounts are reconciled and supported by documentation.

Corrective Action Planned: The Town Management agrees with this finding and will evaluate and implement closing procedures that will establish clear timelines and deadlines for recording transactions and reconciliations to the general ledger and sub-ledgers.

Name of Contact Person: Ron Robinson, Town Manager

Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately

Item: 2022-002 - Annual Expenditure Limitation

Condition: During the year the Town received a CDBG grant to fix their streets and the Town approved the paying off a loan early. Because of these expenditures, the Town exceeded their approved annual expenditure limitation.

Recommendation: Prepare an annual expenditure limitation that includes all contingencies. If there is a project that will cause the Town to exceed their expenditure limitation, the Town should either revise the annual expenditure limitation or wait till the expenditure is budgeted before expending.

Corrective Action Planned: The Town Finance Department will construct future budgets to ensure that the Town does not exceed the approved expenditure limitation by including all grants and any other government funded projects in the annual expenditure limitation.

Name of Contact Person: Ron Robinson, Town Manager

Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately as we build the fiscal 2023-2024 budget.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Summary of Prior Audit Findings June 30, 2022

The status of audit findings from the prior year is as follows:

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2021-001 – General ledger maintenance and reconciliation

Subject: General ledger maintenance and reconciliation.

Condition: The Town had incorrect balances in many of its asset and liability accounts. Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the Town in the financial statements.

Status: Not corrected: see current year funding 2022-001.