Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Reports June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Town Council Town of Patagonia, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Town of Patagonia, Arizona has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion, Budgetary Comparison Schedules and net pension liability and other post-employment benefit plan information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2020, on our consideration of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the Town failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the Town's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Colby + Powell
March 11, 2020

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-type			
	Activities	Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 659,703	\$ 224,011	\$ 883,714		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	81,020	81,020		
Accounts receivable, net	-	60,711	60,711		
Taxes receivable	7,911	-	7,911		
Due from other governments	77,128	-	77,128		
Prepaid expenses	35,654	18,553	54,207		
Net other postemployment benefits asset	726	433	1,159		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	355,867	150,540	506,407		
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,528,623	3,574,629	5,103,252		
Total assets	2,665,612	4,109,897	6,775,509		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions					
and other postemployment benefits	153,113	26,937	180,050		
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	83,655	10,445	94,100		
Accrued expenses	11,157	· -	11,157		
Unearned revenue	- -	63,920	63,920		
Refundable deposits	-	27,306	27,306		
Compensated absences payable		·			
Due within 1 year	36,314	14,726	51,040		
Noncurrent liabilities	·	·			
Due within 1 year	-	40,346	40,346		
Due in more than 1 year	944,558	1,041,309	1,985,867		
Total liabilities	1,075,684	1,198,052	2,273,736		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions					
and other postemployment benefits	42,941	21,533	64,474		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	1,884,490	3,094,882	4,979,372		
Restricted for:	, , , , , , ,	- , ,	<i>y y</i>		
Court enhancement	90,465	-	90,465		
Debt service	-	26,857	26,857		
Repairs and replacements	-	26,857	26,857		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(274,855)	(231,347)	(506,202)		
Total net position	\$ 1,700,100	\$ 2,917,249	\$ 4,617,349		

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenue		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
		Charges	Operating	Capital	I	Primary Government		
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Primary government:								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 235,344	\$ 44,868	\$ 1,800	\$ -	\$ (188,676)	\$ -	\$ (188,676)	
Public safety	532,923	62,119	-	-	(470,804)	-	(470,804)	
Highways and streets	176,418	-	109,298	-	(67,120)	-	(67,120)	
Culture and recreation	193,755	2,282	33,992		(157,481)		(157,481)	
Total governmental activities	1,138,440	109,269	145,090		(884,081)		(884,081)	
Business-type activities								
Water/wastewater	434,234	340,486	-	-	-	(93,748)	(93,748)	
Solid waste	170,931	181,896	-	-	-	10,965	10,965	
Total business-type activities	605,165	522,382	-	_		(82,783)	(82,783)	
Total primary government	\$ 1,743,605	\$ 631,651	\$ 145,090	\$ -	(884,081)	(82,783)	(966,864)	
	General revenues:							
	Taxes:							
	Town sales tax				380,464	-	380,464	
	Franchise fees				16,703	-	16,703	
	State revenue sha	iring			181,650	-	181,650	
	State sales tax				88,523	-	88,523	
	Auto lieu tax				77,766	-	77,766	
	Miscellaneous				15,214	-	15,214	
	Investment earning	ngs			9,233	7,692	16,925	
	Gain (loss) on dis	sposal of capital	assets		(25,865)		(25,865)	
	Total general r	revenue			743,688	7,692	751,380	
	Change in net	position			(140,393)	(75,091)	(215,484)	
	Net position, beg				1,840,493	2,992,340	4,832,833	
	Net position, end	of year			\$ 1,700,100	\$ 2,917,249	\$ 4,617,349	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General Fund	HURF Fund	_	Frants	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 659,703	\$ -	\$	-	\$	659,703
Taxes receivable	7,911	-		-		7,911
Due from other governments	67,247	9,881		-		77,128
Prepaid expenses	17,101	18,553		-		35,654
Due from other funds	94,169	-		-		94,169
Total assets	\$ 846,131	\$ 28,434	\$	-	\$	874,565
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 19,337	\$ 64,318	\$	-	\$	83,655
Accrued expenses	11,157	-		-		11,157
Due to other funds	_	94,169		-		94,169
Total liabilities	30,494	158,487		-		188,981
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	17,101	18,553		-		35,654
Restricted for:						
Court enhancement	90,465	-		-		90,465
Unassigned	708,071	(148,606)		-		559,465
Total fund balances	815,637	(130,053)		-		685,584
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 846,131	\$ 28,434	\$		\$	874,565

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 685,584
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,884,490
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for Town operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	726
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in the funds.	(980,872)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	110,172
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,700,100

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund		HURF Fund		Grants Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	377,489	\$	109,298	\$	-	\$	486,787
Taxes		380,464		-		-		380,464
Fines and forfeitures		62,119		-		-		62,119
Charges for services		31,624		-		-		31,624
Other revenue		19,518		-		-		19,518
Franchise fees		16,703		-		-		16,703
Licenses and permits		17,464		-		-		17,464
Investment income		8,420		813		-		9,233
Total revenues		913,801		110,111		-		1,023,912
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		198,665		_		-		198,665
Public safety		465,434		_		-		465,434
Highways and streets		-		97,626		-		97,626
Culture and recreation		174,413		-		-		174,413
Capital outlay		43,164		20,860		-		64,024
Total expenditures		881,676		118,486		-		1,000,162
Excess (deficiency) of revenue								
over (under) expenditures		32,125		(8,375)				23,750
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers		3,194		-		(3,194)		
Net change in fund balances		35,319		(8,375)		(3,194)		23,750
Fund balance, beginning of year		780,318		(121,678)		3,194		661,834
Fund balance, end of year	\$	815,637	\$	(130,053)	\$	-	\$	685,584

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 23,750
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.		
However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is		
allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as		
depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	64,024	
Depreciation expense	(169,967)	(105,943)
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of		
capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the		
proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the		
change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by		
the book value of the capital assets sold.		(25,865)
Town pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in		
the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as		
deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position		
because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year		
before the Town's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the		
change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB,		
is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Town pension/OPEB contributions	86,062	
Pension/OPEB expense	(117,405)	(31,343)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the		
governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for		
transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available		
resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is		
presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported		
regardless of when the financial resources are available.		
Increase in compensated absences payable		(992)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (140,393)
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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds			
	Water/	Solid		
	Wastewater	Waste		
	Fund	Fund	Total	
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,032	\$ 155,979	\$ 224,011	
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	71,252	9,768	81,020	
Accounts receivable, net	38,446	22,265	60,711	
Prepaid expenses	18,553	-	18,553	
Total current assets	196,283	188,012	384,295	
Noncurrent assets				
Net other postemployment benefits asset	326	107	433	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	30,540	120,000	150,540	
Capital assets, hor being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,052,627	522,002	3,574,629	
Total noncurrent assets	3,083,493	642,109	3,725,602	
Total honculfent assets	3,063,493	042,109	3,723,002	
Total assets	3,279,776	830,121	4,109,897	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions and other postemployment benefits	20,302	6,635	26,937	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	6,755	3,690	10,445	
Unearned revenue	63,920	-	63,920	
Refundable deposits	17,538	9,768	27,306	
Compensated absences payable, current portion	9,345	5,381	14,726	
Notes payable, current portion	19,668	20,678	40,346	
Total current liabilities	117,226	39,517	156,743	
Noncurrent liabilities				
Notes payable	479,956	109,985	589,941	
Estimated liability for landfill closure	-	281,780	281,780	
Net pension liability	127,815	41,773	169,588	
Total noncurrent liabilities	607,771	433,538	1,041,309	
Total liabilities	724,997	473,055	1,198,052	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions and other postemployment benefits	16,229	5,304	21,533	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	2,583,543	511,339	3,094,882	
Restricted for:	<i>yy</i>	- /	, , <u> </u>	
Debt service	26,857	-	26,857	
Repairs and replacements	26,857	-	26,857	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(78,405)	(152,942)	(231,347)	
Total net position	\$ 2,558,852	\$ 358,397	\$ 2,917,249	
•				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds					Funds
	Water/ Wastewater			Solid		
			,	Waste		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Operating revenues						
Water	\$	143,928	\$	1,422	\$	145,350
Sewer		196,558		-		196,558
Sanitation				180,474		180,474
Total operating revenues		340,486		181,896		522,382
Operating expenses						
Personnel		148,448		56,631		205,079
Depreciation		122,818		42,171		164,989
Supplies		60,011		21,491		81,502
Utilities		41,571		2,381		43,952
Contract services		11,533		22,198		33,731
Repairs and maintenance		17,413		14,367		31,780
Insurance		15,779		5,856		21,635
Total operating expenses		417,573		165,095		582,668
Operating income (loss)		(77,087)		16,801		(60,286)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Investment earnings		6,730		962		7,692
Interest expense	<u></u>	(16,661)		(5,836)		(22,497)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(9,931)		(4,874)		(14,805)
Increase (decrease) in net position		(87,018)		11,927		(75,091)
Net position, beginning of year		2,645,870		346,470		2,992,340
Net position, end of year	\$	2,558,852	\$	358,397	\$	2,917,249

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds				
	Water/	Solid			
	Wastewater	Waste			
	Fund	Fund	Total		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	\$ 418,317	\$ 181,158	\$ 599,475		
Payments to suppliers	(150,933)	(64,378)	(215,311)		
Payments to employees	(148,291)	(55,602)	(203,893)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	119,093	61,178	180,271		
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities					
Advances (to) from other funds	(20,470)		(20,470)		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Interest payments on notes payable	(16,661)	(5,836)	(22,497)		
Principal payments on notes payable	(19,020)	(19,844)	(38,864)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital					
and related financing activities	(35,681)	(25,680)	(61,361)		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received	6,730	962	7,692		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	69,672	36,460	106,132		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	69,612	129,287	198,899		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 139,284	\$ 165,747	\$ 305,031		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,032	\$ 155,979	\$ 224,011		
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	71,252	9,768	81,020		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 139,284	\$ 165,747	\$ 305,031		
ž v					

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds					unds
	Water/			Solid		
	W	astewater		Waste		
		Fund		Fund		Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(77,087)	\$	16,801	\$	(60,286)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		122,818		42,171		164,989
Changes in assets, deferred outflows						
of resources, liabilities, and deferred						
inflows of resources:						
Accounts receivable		12,271		(1,204)		11,067
Net other postemployment benefits asset		168		54		222
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits		3,905		1,276		5,181
Accounts payable		(597)		3,234		2,637
Unearned revenue		63,920		-		63,920
Refundable deposits		1,640		466		2,106
Compensated absences		157		1,029		1,186
Net pension and other postemployment						
benefits liability		(13,867)		(4,533)		(18,400)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits		5,765		1,884		7,649
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	119,093	\$	61,178	\$	180,271

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Town's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected Town Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the Town (the primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Town. The blended component unit discussed below has a June 30 year-end. The Town has no discretely presented component units.

The Town of Patagonia Municipal Property Corporation is a nonprofit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona. The principal objective of the Corporation is to assist the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, in acquiring, constructing, financing, operating, improving or modifying public facilities for the benefit of all Town of Patagonia, Arizona, residents. The Corporation's board of directors consists of three members appointed by the Patagonia Town Council.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the Town as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the usefulness of the information.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the Town). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Town's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Town does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements are presented for governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges and insurance premiums, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund, which is legally restricted to expenditures for authorized transportation purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The *Grants Fund* accounts for specific revenue received that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water/Wastewater* and *Solid Waste Funds* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the Town Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the Town Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The Town applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end.

The Town's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and pollution remediation obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the Water/Wastewater Fund and the Solid Waste Fund are estimated by the Town. The amounts recorded as uncollectible in the Water/Wastewater and Solid Waste Funds at June 30, 2019 totaled \$13,000 and \$6,700, respectively.

F. Investment Earnings

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation hours depending on their years of service. Upon termination of employment, all unused vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate up to 360 hours of sick leave hours but any sick hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capi	talization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Th	reshold	Method	Useful Life (years)
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	40
Parks		5,000	Straight-line	40
Streets		5,000	Straight-line	20-30
Sewer collection system		5,000	Straight-line	10-40
Furniture and fixtures		5,000	Straight-line	5-10
Equipment		5,000	Straight-line	5-10

I. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

J. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the Town Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the Town. Only the Town Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council has authorized the Town manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the Town's policy to use (the Town will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the Town to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the Town Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The Town's investment policy states that the Town will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes. The Town does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

Deposits—At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the Town's total cash in bank was \$233,694, and the bank balance was \$244,870. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or similar insurance.

Investments—The Town reported the following investments with the State Treasurer:

	Rating	Credit	Reported	Fair
Investment	Organization	Rating	Amount	Value
Arizona LGIP Pool 5	S&P	AAA	\$ 598,612	\$ 598,612
Arizona LGIP Pool 7	N/A	Unrated	68,806	68,806
Arizona LGIP Pool 500	N/A	Unrated	36,465	36,465
			\$ 703,883	\$ 703,883

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the Town held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

Restricted cash – At June 30, 2019, the Town had restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$81,020 in the Enterprise funds. \$27,306 was restricted for refundable customer deposits. \$53,714 was restricted for debt service and short-lived assets replacements under the requirements with the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

Deposits	
Cash on hand	\$ 300
Cash held by trustee	26,857
Cash in bank	233,694
Investments	
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	 703,883
Total deposits and investments	 964,734
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	 (81,020)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 883,714

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due from other governments in the governmental funds at June 30, 2019 included \$2,951 in state-shared revenue from sales taxes, \$56,251 in town sales taxes collected by the State of Arizona, \$2,998 in county-shared revenue from auto lieu taxes, \$5,047 in county library grants, and \$9,881 in state-shared revenue from highway user revenue fund (HURF) taxes.

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Due from and to other funds as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
General Fund	HURF Fund		94,169

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business to assist funds with negative cash balances at the end of the fiscal year. They are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 355,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,867
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Equipment	667,728	43,164	(207,375)	503,517
Buildings	1,829,175	-	-	1,829,175
Parks	241,427	-	-	241,427
Streets	3,649,920	20,860		3,670,780
Total	6,388,250	64,024	(207,375)	6,244,899
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(514,470)	(29,634)	181,510	(362,594)
Buildings	(1,066,475)	(59,259)	-	(1,125,734)
Parks	(234,835)	(3,005)	-	(237,840)
Streets	(2,912,039)	(78,069)		(2,990,108)
Total	\$ (4,727,819)	\$ (169,967)	\$ 181,510	(4,716,276)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,660,431	(105,943)	(25,865)	1,528,623
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,016,298	\$ (105,943)	\$ (25,865)	\$ 1,884,490
	Balance July 1, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2019
Business-type activities:		Increases	Decreases	
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:		Increases	Decreases	
		Increases \$ -	Decreases	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	July 1, 2018			June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:	July 1, 2018			June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated:	July 1, 2018 \$ 150,540			June 30, 2019 \$ 150,540
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	July 1, 2018 \$ 150,540 738,732			June 30, 2019 \$ 150,540 738,732
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739		\$ - - - (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	\$ 150,540 \$ 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546		\$ - - -	\$ 150,540 \$ 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739		\$ - - - (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739		\$ - - - (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total Less accumulated depreciation for:	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739 5,872,241	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339 5,816,841
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	July 1, 2018 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739 5,872,241 (267,252)	\$ - - - - - - - (24,625)	\$ - - - (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339 5,816,841 (291,877)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739 5,872,241 (267,252) (625,947) (712,113) (527,311)	\$ - - - - - - (24,625) (43,431) (69,689) (27,244)	\$ - - - (55,400) (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339 5,816,841 (291,877) (669,378) (781,802) (499,155)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739 5,872,241 (267,252) (625,947) (712,113)	\$ - - - - - - (24,625) (43,431) (69,689)	\$ - - - (55,400) (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339 5,816,841 (291,877) (669,378) (781,802)
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets being depreciated: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment Total Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements Buildings Utility systems Machinery and equipment	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 729,739 5,872,241 (267,252) (625,947) (712,113) (527,311)	\$ - - - - - - (24,625) (43,431) (69,689) (27,244)	\$ - - - (55,400) (55,400)	\$ 150,540 \$ 150,540 738,732 1,737,224 2,666,546 674,339 5,816,841 (291,877) (669,378) (781,802) (499,155)

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 39,959
Public safety	27,917
Highways and streets	79,786
Culture and recreation	22,305
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 169,967
Business-type activities:	
Water/Wastewater	\$ 122,818
Solid Waste	42,171
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 164,989

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the Town's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2019.

		Balance						Balance	Dυ	e within
	Jι	ıly 1, 2018	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Ju	ne 30, 2019		1 year
Governmental activities:										
	ď	25 222	\$	002	\$		\$	26 214	\$	26 214
Compensated absences payable	\$	35,322	Э	992	Þ	-	Þ	36,314	Э	36,314
Net pension/OPEB liability		934,104		10,454				944,558		-
Total governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	969,426	\$	11,446	\$	-	\$	980,872	\$	36,314
Business-type activities										
Compensated absences payable	\$	13,540	\$	1,186	\$	-	\$	14,726	\$	14,726
Net pension/OPEB liability		187,988		-		18,400		169,588		-
Landfill closure costs		281,780		-		-		281,780		-
Notes payable from direct borrowings										
and direct placements		669,151		-		38,864		630,287		40,346
Total business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	1,152,459	\$	1,186	\$	57,264	\$	1,096,381	\$	55,072

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The Town's notes payable from direct borrowings and direct placements consisted of the following:

Description	Original Amount	•		Outstanding Principal
Business-type Activities Note payable - Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona	\$ 375,000	2002-2021	3.420%	\$ 45,639
Note payable - United States Department of Agriculture	400,000	2009-2025	4.125%	130,663
Note payable - United States Department of Agriculture	481,000 \$1,256,000	2015-2054	3.250%	453,985 \$ 630,287

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's notes payable at June 30, 2019.

		Business-type activities					
Year	Note	Notes payable from direct borrowings					
Ending		and direct p	olaceme	ents			
June 30	I	Principal		Interest			
2020	\$	40,346	\$	21,015			
2021		41,886		19,475			
2022		43,485		17,876			
2023		38,169		16,266			
2024		32,556		14,952			
2025-2029		63,309		64,336			
2030-2034		53,050		56,090			
2035-2039		62,397		46,743			
2040-2044		73,391		35,749			
2045-2049		86,321		22,819			
2050-2054		95,377		7,627			
Total	\$	630,287	\$	322,948			
	_						

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Town contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2019, the Town reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	vernmental activities	isiness-type Activities	Total
Net OPEB assets	\$ 726	\$ 433	\$ 1,159
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	944,558	169,588	1,114,146
Deferred outflows of resources	150 110	26.025	100.050
related to pension and OPEB	153,113	26,937	180,050
Deferred inflows of resources	42.041	21.522	(4.474
related to pension and OPEB	42,941	21,533	64,474
Pension and OPEB expense	117,405	9,659	127,064

The Town reported \$86,062 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – Town employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55					
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60					
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62					
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*					
		Any years age 65					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the Town to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the Town was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.53 percent (10.41 percent for retirement, 0.06 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the Town in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The Town's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$36,753, \$1,474, and \$517, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the Town paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 54.56 percent from the General Fund, 8.05 percent from the HURF/LTAF Fund, 28.18 percent from the Water/Wastewater Fund, and 9.21 percent from the Solid Waste Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2019, the Town reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEB	
	(Asso	et) Liability
Pension	\$	451,866
Health insurance premium benefit		(1,159)
Long-term disability		1,698

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3–6.75 percent to 2.7–7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

The Town's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the Town's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The Town's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2018	from June 30, 2017
Pension	0.00324%	0.00002%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.00322%	0.00000%
Long-term disability	0.00325%	#REF!

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	24,065
Health insurance premium benefit	1,152
Long-term disability	616

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Health Insurance Premium							æ	m Disability			
		Pension			Benefit				Long-Term Disability			
	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred flows of sources	Outf	erred lows of ources	Infl	erred ows of ources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	12,449	\$	2,491	\$	_	\$	1,070	\$	43	\$	_
Changes of assumptions or				,								
other inputs		11,957		40,064		2,236		-		368		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		10,866		_		2,316		_		164
Changes in proportion and differences between Town contributions and												
proportionate share of contributions		6,234		615		_		4		12		_
Town contributions subsequent to the				313				·				
measurement date		36,753		-		1,474		-		517		-
Total	\$	67,393	\$	54,036	\$	3,710	\$	3,390	\$	940	\$	164

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

Year ended June 30,	1	Pension	 Insurance um Benefit	 Long-Term Disability
2020	\$	8,254	\$ (450)	\$ 7
2021		(10,294)	(450)	7
2022		(16,483)	(450)	7
2023		(4,873)	44	51
2024		-	152	59
Thereafter		-	-	128

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASR

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7-7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 8.70 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return
50%	5.50%
30%	3.83%
20%	5.85%
100%	
	50% 30% 20%

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following table presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current Discount					
	1%	6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)
Town's Proportionate share of the		_		_		_
Net pension liability	\$	644,145	\$	451,866	\$	291,220
Net insurance premium benefit						
liability (asset)		4,108		(1,159)		(5,647)
Net long-term disability liability		1,924		1,698		1,479

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions — Town police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PS RS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the Town's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:					
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017				
Retirement and Disability						
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5				
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years				
Benefit percentage						
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%				
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retiremen	nt, whichever is greater				
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater					
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20					
Survivor Benefit						
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired member's pension benefit					
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job					

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

_	PSPRS Police				
-	Pension	Health			
Inactive employees or beneficiaries					
currently receiving benefits	2	2			
Inactive employees entitled to but					
not yet receiving benefits	3	-			
Active employees	2	2			
Total	7	4			

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			Town-Health
	Active Member-		Insurance Premium
	Pension	Town-Pension	Benefit
PSPRS Police	7.65% - 11.65%	41.12%	0.00%

The Town's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2018, were:

		Health Insurance
	Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police	60,932	_

During fiscal year 2019, the Town paid for PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions 100 percent from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the Town reported the following liability:

	Net Per	sion (Asset)	Net O	PEB (Asset)
	Li	ability	I	iability
PSPRS Police	\$	642,380	\$	18,202

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

rsrks	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.40%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable

Price inflation 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Mortality rates RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with

adjustments to match current experience

for OPEB

Long-term Expected

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

DCDDC

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Risk parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed Income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTS	12%	3.96%
Private credit	16%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Private equity	12%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100%	

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Pension Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability (Asset)					
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 1,314,183	\$ 694,868	\$ 619,315					
Changes for the year								
Service Cost	32,532	-	32,532					
Interest on the total liability	95,629	-	95,629					
Differences between expected and actual								
experience in the measurement of the liability	(7,974)	-	(7,974)					
Contributions-employer	-	53,612	(53,612)					
Contributions-employee	-	11,403	(11,403)					
Net investment income	-	46,962	(46,962)					
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions	(76,341)	(76,341)	-					
Hall/Parker Settlement	-	(13,449)	13,449					
Administrative expense	-	(1,415)	1,415					
Other changes		9	(9)					
Net changes	43,846	20,781	23,065					
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 1,358,029	\$ 715,649	\$ 642,380					
	Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)							
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 4,617	\$ 32,931	\$ (28,314)					
Changes for the year								
Service Cost	737	-	737					
Interest on the total liability	(189)	-	(189)					
Differences between expected and actual								
experience in the measurement of the liability	47,903	-	47,903					
Net investment income	-	1,965	(1,965)					
Benefit payments, including refunds of		,	() /					
employee contributions	(15,080)	(15,080)	_					
Administrative expense	(13,000)	(30)	30					
Net changes	33,371	(13,145)	46,516					
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 37,988	\$ 19,786	\$ 18,202					
		,. 50	·					

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the Town's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the Town's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

			Curr	ent Discount			
	1% Decrease (6.4%)		Ra	Rate (7.4%)		1% Increase (8.4%)	
PSPRS Police							
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	816,652	\$	642,380	\$	500,772	
Net OPEB (asset) liability		22,054		18,202		14,943	

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Town recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

	Pension Expense		OPEB Expense		
PSPRS Police	\$	89,660	\$	11,571	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2019, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension					Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual										
experience	\$	-	\$	5,712	\$	34,585	\$	83		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan		3,658		-		-		261		
investments		8,832		-		-		828		
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		60,932		-						
Total	\$	73,422	\$	5,712	\$	34,585	\$	1,172		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 8 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police						
	P	ension		Health			
Year ended June 30,	<u> </u>						
2020	\$	6,876	\$	12,871			
2021		3,794		12,881			
2022		(4,590)		7,680			
2023		698		(19)			
2024		-		-			
Thereafter		_		-			

NOTE 9 – CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the Town to place a final cover on its landfill when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Town reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$281,780 reported as landfill closure and post closure care liability at June 30, 2019, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 40 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The Town will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$422,670 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2016-2019. The Town expects to close the landfill in the year 2050, and the actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, and changes in regulations.

The Town of Patagonia, Arizona is required to file certain information relating to the landfill closure, postclosure, and monitoring with the State of Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ). The required information was filed with the State subsequent to June 30, 2019.

OTHER REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		iance with	
		Original	Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	381,235	\$ 381,235	\$	377,489	\$	(3,746)
Taxes		282,000	282,000		380,464		98,464
Fines and forfeitures		81,900	81,900		62,119		(19,781)
Charges for services		39,559	39,559		31,624		(7,935)
Other revenue		102,000	102,000		19,518		(82,482)
Franchise fees		13,250	13,250		16,703		3,453
Licenses and permits		19,500	19,500		17,464		(2,036)
Investment income		3,600	3,600		8,420		4,820
Total revenues		923,044	923,044		913,801		(9,243)
Expenditures							
Current							
Court		50,622	50,622		41,629		8,993
Administration		166,185	166,185		173,142		(6,957)
Mayor and council		2,500	2,500		2,000		500
Professional services		24,000	24,000		18,609		5,391
Fire company		50,000	50,000		50,000		-
Police		363,064	363,064		406,751		(43,687)
Animal control		3,065	3,065		10,218		(7,153)
Library		105,223	105,223		120,384		(15,161)
Parks		47,257	47,257		47,709		(452)
Miscellaneous		10,732	10,732		11,234		(502)
Contingency		100,000	100,000				100,000
Total expenditures		922,648	922,648		881,676		40,972
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over (under) expenditures		396	 396	-	32,125		31,729
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers			 	-	3,194		3,194
Net change in fund balances		396	396		35,319		34,923
Fund balance, beginning of year		780,318	 780,318		780,318		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	780,714	\$ 780,714	\$	815,637	\$	34,923

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with		
	Original Final			 Amounts	Final Budget			
Revenues							_	
Intergovernmental	\$	122,914	\$	122,914	\$ 109,298	\$	(13,616)	
Investment income				-	813		813	
Total revenues		122,914		122,914	110,111		(12,803)	
Expenditures Current								
Highways and streets		121,840		121,840	 118,486		3,354	
Net change in fund balances		1,074		1,074	(8,375)		(9,449)	
Fund balance, beginning of year Fund balance, end of year	\$	(121,678) (120,604)	\$	(121,678) (120,604)	\$ (121,678) (130,053)	\$	(9,449)	

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the Town to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The Town Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the Town Councils' approval.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Town's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the Administration, Police, Animal control, Library, Parks, and Miscellaneous departments of the General Fund.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans

June 30, 2019

						ASRS-I Reporting (Measurer	Fisca	ıl Year				
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)		2014 through 2010	
Town's proportion of the net pension liability Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	\$ \$	0.003240% 451,866 322,459 140.13% 73.40%	0.003220% \$ 501,613 \$ 314,434 159.53% 69.92%		0.003230% \$ 521,354 \$ 302,433 172.39% 67.06%		\$ \$	0.002830% 440,397 260,413 169.11% 68.35%	\$ \$	0.003194% 472,585 287,907 164.15% 69.49%	Information not available	
	R			ASRS-Health Insurance Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				ASRS-Long-Term Disability Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)				
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	201	17 through 2010		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2010	
Town's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability Town's covered payroll Town's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ \$	0.003220% (1,159) 322,459	\$ \$	0.003220% (1,753) 314,434		nformation ot available	\$ \$	0.003250% 1,698 322,459	\$ \$	0.003210% 1,164 314,434	Information not available	
liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset) liability		-0.36% 102.20%		-0.56% 103.57%				0.53% 77.83%		0.37% 84.44%		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Pension

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)

						(Ivicasui ci	surement bate)						
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010		
Total pension liability											Information		
Service cost	\$	32,532	\$	39,367	\$	32,762	\$	23,998	\$	12,222	not		
Interest on the total pension liability		95,629		90,538		99,645		89,395		65,583	available		
Changes of benefit terms		-		13,959		(137,660)		-		51,744			
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement													
of the pension liability		(7,974)		(14,364)		(43,689)		83,333		5,598			
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,914)		32,454		53,993		65,555		232,088			
Benefit payments, including refunds		-		32,434		33,993		-		232,000			
of employee contributions		(76,341)		(70,533)		(70,533)		(70,533)		(69,041)			
Net change in total pension liability		43,846	_	91,421	_	(65,482)		126,193		298,194			
Total pension liability - beginning		1,314,183		1,222,762		1,288,244		1,162,051		863,857			
Total pension liability - ending (a)	•	1,358,029	\$		•	1,222,762	\$	1,288,244	•	1,162,051			
Total pension hability - chang (a)	.	1,330,029	Ф	1,314,103	φ	1,222,702	Φ	1,200,244	Ф	1,102,031			
Plan fiduciary net position													
Contributions - employer	\$	53,612	\$	74,886	\$	71,823	\$	53,850	\$	22,396			
Contributions - employee		11,403		16,191		15,649		13,518		10,293			
Net investment income		46,962		72,386		3,452		20,805		70,331			
Benefit payments, including refunds													
of employee contributions		(76,341)		(70,533)		(70,533)		(70,533)		(69,041)			
Hall/Parker Settlement		(13,449)		-		-		-		-			
Administrative expense		(1,415)		(1,040)		(898)		(889)		-			
Other changes		9		9		5		(523)		(23,125)			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		20,781		91,899		19,498		16,228		10,854			
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		694,868		602,969		583,471		567,243		556,389			
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	715,649	\$	694,868	\$	602,969	\$	583,471	\$	567,243			
m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1													
Town's net pension liability	Ф	(42.200	ф	(10.215	Φ	(10.702	Ф	704 772	Ф	504.000			
(asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	642,380	\$	619,315	\$	619,793	\$	704,773	\$	594,808			
Plan fiduciary net position as a													
percentage of the total pension													
liability		52.70%		52.87%		49.31%		45.29%		48.81%			
Covered payroll	\$	129,248	\$	140,949	\$	134,324	\$	122,331	\$	101,139			
Town's net pension (asset) liability as a													
percentage of covered payroll		497.01%		439.39%		461.42%		576.12%		588.11%			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Town's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Health Insurance Premium Benefit

Reporting	Fiscal	Y	e	aı
0.5				

	(Measurement Date)							
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)	2017 through 2010			
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	737	\$	958	Information			
Interest on the total OPEB liability		(189)		337	not			
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	available			
Differences between expected and								
actual experience in the measurement								
of the pension liability		47,903		(169)				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		(529)				
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(15,080)		-				
Net change in total OPEB liability		33,371		597				
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,617		4,020				
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	37,988	\$	4,617				
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	-				
Net investment income		1,965		3,474				
Benefit payments, including refunds								
of employee contributions		(15,080)		-				
Administrative expense		(30)		(31)				
Other changes		-		-				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(13,145)		3,443				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		32,931		29,488				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	19,786	\$	32,931				
Town's net OPEB (asset)								
liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	18,202	\$	(28,314)				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		52.08%		713.26%				
Covered payroll	\$	129,248	\$	140,949				
Town's net OPEB (asset) liability as a		44.000		••••				
percentage of covered payroll		14.08%		-20.09%				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

Statutorily required contribution
Town's contributions in relation to the
statutorily required contribution
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)
Town's covered payroll

		Rej	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear			
2019	2018	2017		2016		2015	2014	2013 through 2010
\$ 36,753	\$ 35,148	\$ 33,896	\$	32,814	\$	28,359	\$ 30,806	Information not available
(36,753)	(35,148)	(33,896)		(32,814)		(28,359)	(30,806)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
\$ 328,739	\$ 322,459	\$ 314,434	\$	302,433	\$	260,413	\$ 287,907	
11.18%	10.90%	10.78%		10.85%		10.89%	10.70%	

ASRS-Pension

Town's contributions as a percentage of

covered payroll

 A	SRS	S-Health Ins	surar	nce Premiu	m		Disability				
		Reporting	Fisca	ıl Year			l Year				
 2019		2019 2018 2017		2017	2016 through 2010	 2019		2018		2017	2016 through 2010
\$ 1,474	\$	1,380	\$	1,733	Information not available	\$ 517	\$	515	\$	437	Information not available
(1,474)		(1,380)		(1,733)		(517)		(515)		(437)	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	
\$ 328,739	\$	322,459	\$	314,434		\$ 328,739	\$	322,459	\$	314,434	
0.46%		0.44%		0.55%		0.16%		0.16%		0.14%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Town Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

Actuarially determined contribution
Town's contributions in relation to the
actuarially determined contribution
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)
Town's covered-employee payroll
Town's contributions as a percentage of
covered payroll

		Rej	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear			
2019	2018	2017		2016		2015	2014	2013 through 2010
\$ 60,932	\$ 53,612	\$ 74,886	\$	71,823	\$	53,850	\$ 22,396	Information not available
(60,932)	(53,612)	(74,886)		(71,823)		(53,850)	(22,396)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
\$ 148,181	\$ 129,248	\$ 140,949	\$	134,324	\$	122,331	\$ 101,139	
41.12%	41.48%	53.13%		53.47%		44.02%	22.14%	

PSPRS-Pension

Actuarially determined contribution
Town's contributions in relation to the
actuarially determined contribution
Town's contribution deficiency (excess)
Town's covered payroll
Town's contributions as a percentage of
covered payroll

PSPRS-Health Insurance Premium Reporting Fiscal Year						
2019		2018		2017		2016 through 2010
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Information not available
	-		-		-	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	148,181	\$	129,248	\$	140,949	
	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules

June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period

as of the 2017 actuarial

valuation 19 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return

In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment

rate of return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.0% - 8.0% to 3.5% - 7.5% for PSPRS. In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5% - 8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0% for PSPRS. In 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

5.0% - 9.0% to 4.5% - 8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5%

for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study

of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-

2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by

105% for both males and females)

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates.

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS - Continued

These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the Town refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the Town to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the Town's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Town Council Town of Patagonia, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We

did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency. 2019-01

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Patagonia, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Town of Patagonia, Arizona's Response to Findings

The Town of Patagonia, Arizona's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town of Patagonia, Arizona's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colly + Powell

March 11, 2020

TOWN OF PATAGONIA, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2019

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2019-001

Subject: General ledger maintenance and reconciliation.

Criteria/Specific Requirements: To help ensure that internal and external financial reports are accurate, timely, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, general ledger accounts should be reconciled on a monthly basis and supporting schedules should be prepared and reconciled with these general ledger accounts.

Condition: At the time of the audit, the Town had incorrect balances in many of its asset and liability accounts. Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the Town in the financial statements.

Cause/Effect: Due to employee oversight, the need of proper training, and lack of management's review of performance, internal control procedures such as reconciliations of various general ledger accounts were not performed.

Recommendation: The Town's Finance Department should evaluate and implement closing procedures that establish clear deadlines for recording transactions and reconciling accounts to the general ledger and subsidiary ledgers. The Finance Department should also evaluate procedures to ensure that all accounts are reconciled and supported by documentation.

Response: Management agrees with this finding and will evaluate and implement closing procedures that will establish clear timelines and deadlines for recording transactions and reconciliations to the general ledger and sub ledgers.