CHAPTER 12 WATER AND SEWER

Article 12 - 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 12 1 1 Consumer Application for Service
- 12 1 2 Utility Revenues

Sec. 12 - 1 - 1 Consumer Application for Service

A consumer shall make written application for water service and a sewer connection permit to the town at town hall in person or by first class mail in the form prescribed by the town clerk/treasurer.

Sec. 12 - 1 - 2 <u>Utility Revenues</u>*

- A. All revenues derived from the sewer utility operation shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of Resolutions 25 and 26. Any funds remaining in the town sewer revenue account after expenditure as provided for in Resolutions 25 and 26 shall be retained for use by the sewer department for any lawful purpose.
- B. All revenues derived from the water utility operation shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of Resolutions 25 and 26. Any funds remaining in the town water revenue account after expenditure as provided for in Resolutions 25 and 26 shall be retained for use by the water department for any lawful purpose.

Article 12 - 2 <u>SEWER RATES AND CHARGES**</u>

| 12 - 2 - 1.1 | Purpose* |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| 12 - 2 - 1.2 | Monthly Sewer Service Charges* |
| 12 - 2 - 2 | Sewer Installation Charge |
| 12 - 2 - 3 | Failure to Pay Bill When Due |
| 12 - 2 - 4 | Connection When Available Required |

Section 12 - 2 - 1.1 Purpose

To establish a minimum monthly sewer service charge that will be equitable for all system users while meeting the revenue requirements of providing such service, including, but not limited to any operations and maintenance costs, capital outlays, debt service and reserves that may be necessary to fund system improvements.

^{*} Resolution # 406, amended by Ordinance No. 02-4 and Ordinance No. 07-03

Section 12 - 2 - 1.2 Monthly Sewer Service Charges*

- A. Effective November 1, 2007, minimum monthly sewer charges shall be \$29.00 per month per sewer connection except as otherwise provided in this Section; effective November 1, 2008, minimum monthly sewer charges shall be \$29.25 per month per connection except as otherwise provided in this Section; and effective November 1, 2009, minimum monthly sewer charges shall be \$29.50 per month per connection except as otherwise provided in this Section. **For purposes of this section, 'sewer connection' shall be defined as any system of piping that conveys residential, commercial or industrial wastewater into to the municipal wastewater collection system, either directly or indirectly.
- B. When a residence, business or any other property connected to the town sewer system, is vacated for any reason, and the customer requests that sewer service to such property be terminated, a minimum monthly sewer service availability fee of 50% the minimum fees for sewer service at the rates set forth in Subsection A. of this Section shall be charged to the property owner.
- C. Effective November 1, 2007, Patagonia Union High School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$194.00 for the months of September through May and \$97.80 for the months of June through August; effective November 1, 2008, Patagonia Union High School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$199.80 for the months of September through May and \$100.70 for the months of June through August; and effective November 1, 2009, Patagonia Union High School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$205.50 for the months of September through May and \$103.60 for the months of June through August.
- D. Effective November 1, 2007, Patagonia Elementary School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$194.00 for the months of September through May and \$97.80 for the months of June through August; effective November 1, 2008, Patagonia Elementary School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$199.80 for the months of September through May and \$100.70 for the months of June through August; and effective November 1, 2009, Patagonia Elementary School shall pay a base monthly sewer service charge of \$205.50 for the months of September through May and \$103.60 for the months of June through August.
- E. Effective November 1, 2007, any motels, hotels or inns shall be charged \$9.80 per room per month; effective November 1, 2008, any motels, hotels or inns shall be charged \$9.85 per room per month; and effective November 1, 2009, any motels, hotels or inns shall be charged \$9.90 per room per month.
- F. Any residence including, but not limited to, single family homes, apartments, trailers and mobile homes whereby the landlord is responsible for providing water to their tenants, will also be responsible for the fees for sewer service at the rates set forth in Subsections A. and B. of this Section.

^{*}Resolution # 406, amended by Ordinance No. 02-4 and Ordinance No. 07-03 **Ordinance # 07-01

- G. A security deposit equivalent to a three month minimum sewer bill will be due and payable to the town at the beginning of sewer service. Such security deposit shall be applied to any amount more than 60 days past due, and if said deposit is insufficient for payment of any outstanding amount, a new deposit as set forth above shall be required. If the customer has had an acceptable payment history of no delinquent payments, the security deposit will be credited to the account one year from the date of the deposit. If the customer allows the account to become delinquent after such time that the security deposit funds have been credited to the account, a new deposit of equivalent to a three month minimum sewer bill will be required.
- I. A policy providing for discounts for low-income households is hereby established.
 - 1. Customers shall pay a discounted minimum sewer rate of \$20.50 per month, upon application, provided income for the household is no more than one hundred percent (100%) of the federal poverty guideline for a two-person household and the customer provides proof of income.
 - 2. Proof of income shall consist of the householder's last federal income tax return or such other proof as may be satisfactory to the town. Proof of income shall be submitted yearly.
 - 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection I.1.above, the town clerk is hereby authorized to waive or reduce sewer rates for any resident customer for any period of time for any one time or temporary event or circumstances that severely limits or prevents the payment of existing sewer rates, providing the rates waived or reduced are not less than the minimum monthly sewer service availability fee set forth in Subsection B. of this Section. Adequate proof or documentation shall be presented in support of a request made under this Subsection.

Sec. 12 - 2 - 2 Sewer Installation Charge*

A. Sewer installation charge up to the property line will be \$2,000.00 per connection permit within the sewer improvement district. All connections outside the sewer district will be completed by a qualified contractor, hired by developer or owner upon completion and approval of all necessary state and local requirements. Sewer installation charges for low-income or workforce housing projects may be waived or reduced at the discretion of the town council. All work must be done in accordance with state and local laws. Inspection charge for sewer installation is \$10.00.

*Resolution # 425, amended by Ordinance No. 07-03

B. In addition to the charges in subsection A of this section, the owner of any lots outside the sewer improvement district seeking to have a lot receive sewer services from the town shall pay an assessment of \$750 for each house, apartment, mobile home, building or any other unit to be connected to the town sewer system. The funds derived from this assessment shall be placed into a special account and be used for the expansion of the Patagonia sewer treatment plant.

Sec. 12 - 2 - 4 Connection When Available Required

- A. At such times as a public sewer becomes available to a property served by a private sewage disposal system, a direct connection shall be made to the public sewer in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and the town plumbing code within one year or sooner if inspection shows need for servicing, and deemed necessary by the appropriate health officer, and any septic tanks, cesspools, and similar private disposal facilities shall be abandoned and filled according to the plumbing code of the town.
- B. After the public sewer becomes available, no permits shall be issued nor work permitted to construct, alter or improve private sewage disposal system.
- C. The town engineer shall notify all owners or occupiers of the property when that service is available, and the times herein mentioned shall run from the date of said notice.

Article 12 - 3 WATER RATES AND CHARGES*

| 12 - 3 - 1.1 12 - 3 - 1.2 12 - 3 - 2 | Purpose Minimum Charges and Volume Based Rates Installation of Water Service |
|--|--|
| 12 - 3 - 3 | Meter Deposit for Rental Property |
| 12 - 3 - 4 | Failure to Pay Bill When Due |
| 12 - 3 - 5 | Metered Connection When Available Required** |

*Ordinance No.17, amended by Ordinances 34, 91, and Resolutions 200 and 290 **Resolution No. 405, amended by Ordinance No. 02-4

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Sec. 12 - 3 - 1.1 <u>Purpose*</u>

To establish a minimum monthly water service charge and volume based rates that will be equitable for all system users while meeting the revenue requirements of providing such service, including, but not limited to any operations and maintenance costs, capital outlays, debt service and reserves that may be necessary to fund system improvements.

Sec. 12 - 3 - 1.2 Minimum Charges and Volume Based Rates*

- A. Monthly water rates for the town water utility service are hereby established as follows:
 - 1. Effective November 1, 2007, the minimum charges for water and allowances in gallons shall be \$13.00 plus state and town sales tax, for the first 2,000 gallons of usage; effective November 1, 2008, the minimum charges for water and allowances in gallons shall be \$13.25 plus state and town sales tax, for the first 2,000 gallons of usage; and effective November 1, 2009, the minimum charges for water and allowances for gallons shall be \$13.50 plus state and town sales tax, for the first 2,000 gallons of usage.
 - 2. Effective November 1, 2008, the charges for water used in excess of 2,000 gallons and up to 10,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$1.15 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax.
 - 3. Effective November 1, 2007, the charges for water used in excess of 10,000 gallons and up to 15,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$1.55 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax; and effective November 1, 2009, the charges for water used in excess of 10,000 gallons and up to 15,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$1.60 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax.
 - 4. Effective November 1, 2007, the charges for water used in excess of 15,000 gallons and up to 20,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$1.85 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax; effective November 1, 2008, the charges for water used in excess of 15,000 gallons and up to 20,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$1.90 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax; and effective November 1, 2009, the charges for water used in excess of 15,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$2.00 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax.

*Resolution # 406, amended by Ordinance No. 02-4 and Ordinance No. 07-03

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5. Effective November 1, 2007, the charges for water used in excess of 20,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$2.10 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax; effective November 1, 2008, the charges for water used in excess of 20,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$2.15 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax; and effective November 1, 2009, the charges for water used in excess of 20,000 gallons shall be at the rate of \$2.20 per 1,000 gallons plus state and town sales tax.

- 6. When a residence, business or any other property connected to the town water system, is vacated for any reason, and the customer requests that water service to such property be terminated, a minimum monthly water service availability fee of 50% the minimum fee for water service at the rate set forth in Subsection A.1.of this Section shall be charged to the property owner. The fees to turn off water service to vacant properties, and to restore water service to said properties shall be the same as those fees set forth in Section 12 3 4 of this Chapter.
- 8. The above minimum and excess usage charges shall apply to each water meter installed by the town except as provided in Subsection C. of this Section.
- B. Charges for bulk water sold from the municipal water system shall be \$8.40 per thousand gallons plus state and town sales tax, and shall be sold at the discretion of the town clerk/treasurer.
 - *1. Unless a bulk water permit has been obtained pursuant to Subsection B., 3, below, individuals wishing to purchase bulk water from the town shall only be allowed to withdraw such water from the metered hydrant located at the southwest corner of the intersection of Naugle Avenue (SR 82) and Third Avenue. Such water may only be withdrawn during regular business hours. For purposes of this section, regular business hours are from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Monday through Friday, except on legal holidays.
 - *2. Individuals wishing to purchase bulk water from the town shall be required to notify the office of the town clerk of their intent to purchase bulk water from the town and supply information for billing purposes.

| *Ordinance No. 06-02 | | |
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| 12 - 3 - 1.2 | WATER AND SEWER | 12 - 3 - 1.2 |

*3. Individuals wishing to withdraw water from a fire hydrant on the municipal water system other than the hydrant referenced in Aubsection B., 1., above may apply for a bulk water permit from the town clerk's office. Such permits shall be valid for a period of thirty days and shall be in a form prescribed by the town clerk, which shall contain the name of the individual or firm, the effective date of the permit, the capacity of the vehicle or container to be filled, the type of backflow prevention device utilized, and any other information which the town clerk may determine to be necessary for record keeping purposes.

- *4. Individuals who purchase bulk water from the town are required to accurately record the date and time of each withdrawal, and the number of gallons of water withdrawn from the municipal water system. This record shall be submitted to the town clerk's office every 30 days, unless alternative arrangements are made with the town clerk's office.
- *5. The provisions of Subsections B., 1., through 4., above shall not apply to individuals withdrawing water for emergency services related purposes such as fire suppression, for training or for testing of fire apparatus.
- *6. A violation of any provisions of this article is punishable as follows: For a first violation within a twelve month period, a fine of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than three hundred dollars. For a second violation within a twelve month period, a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than three hundred dollars. For a third or subsequent violation within a twelve month period, a fine of not less than three hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars.
- C. A policy providing for discounts for low-income households is hereby established.
 - 1. Customers shall pay a discounted minimum water rate of \$10.50 per month, upon application, provided income for the household is no more than one hundred percent (100%) of the federal poverty guideline for a two-person household and the customer provides proof of income.
 - 2. Proof of income shall consist of the householder's last federal income tax return or such other proof as may be satisfactory to the town. Proof of income shall be submitted yearly.
 - 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subpart C.1.above, the town clerk is hereby authorized to waive or reduce water rates for any resident customer for any period of time for any one time or temporary event or circumstances that severely limits or prevents the payment of existing water rates, providing the rates waived or reduced are not less than the minimum monthly water service availability fee set forth in Subsection A.6.of this Section. Adequate proof or documentation shall be presented in support of a request made under this Subsection.

| *Ordinance No. 06-02 | | |
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Sec. 12 - 3 - 2 Installation of Water Service*

A. The charge for installation of water service connections from the water main up to and including the water meter, which shall be set at the property line, or as directed by the superintendent of the water department, within the water improvement district of the town shall be \$1,500.00. The regulator will be an additional charge at the going rate. All connections outside the water district will be completed by a qualified contractor hired by developer or owner upon completion and approval of all necessary state and local requirements. All work must be done in accordance with state and local laws. The necessary water

meter and regulator shall be furnished by the town with reimbursement of said equipment at the going rate to be paid to the town by developer or homeowner. Water installation charges for low-income or workforce housing projects may be waived or reduced at the discretion of the town council.

B. The charges hereby authorized shall include the service connection complete to the property line.

Sec. 12 - 3 - 3 <u>Meter Deposit Required</u>

- A. A meter deposit equivalent to a three month minimum water charge will be due and payable to the town before the meter is unlocked for use. Such security deposit shall be applied to any amount more than 60 days past due, and if said deposit is insufficient for payment of any outstanding amount, the meter shall be locked and a new deposit as set forth above shall be required. If the customer has had an acceptable payment history of no delinquent payments, the security deposit will be credited to the account one year from the date of the deposit. Such security deposit shall be refunded prior to the one year if the customer terminates the service, provided all fees are paid in full.
- B. If the customer allows the account to become delinquent after such time that the security deposit funds have been credited to the account, a new deposit of equivalent of three month minimum water bill will be required.

| * Resolution # 425, amended by Or | dinance No. 07-03 | |
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| **Revised Ordinance # 02-4 | | |
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Section 12 - 3 - 5 Metered Connection When Available Required*

- A. Every residence within the water improvement district shall be required to have a metered water connection if no other potable water supply is available. At such times as town's water system service becomes available, a metered connection to the town's water system shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and the town plumbing code within 1 year.
- B. The town engineer shall notify all owners or occupiers of the property when the service is available, and the times herein mentioned shall run from the date of said notice.

Article 12 - 4 CONSUMER AND TOWN RESPONSIBILITIES*

- 12 4 1 Town Responsibilities and Liabilities
- 12 4 2 Consumer Responsibilities
- 12 4 3 Access to Premises

Section 12 - 4 - 1 Town Responsibilities and Liabilities

- A. The town shall not assume the responsibility of inspecting consumer's piping or apparatus and shall not be responsible therefor.
- B. The town shall refuse service unless consumer's lines or piping are installed in such manner as to prevent cross-connections or back flow.
- C. Under normal conditions, the town shall notify a consumer of any anticipated interruption of service.
- D. The town shall not be responsible for negligence of third persons or forces beyond the control of the town, resulting in any interruption of service.
- Sec. 12 4 2 Consumer Responsibilities
- A. Piping on consumer's premises shall be so arranged that the connections are conveniently located with respect to the municipal water system lines or main.
- B. If consumer's piping on consumer's premises is so arranged that it is necessary for the town to provide additional meters, each place of metering shall be considered as a separate and individual account.
- C. Where a meter is placed on a consumer's premises, the consumer shall provide a suitable place for such meter, which place shall be unobstructed and accessible at all times to the meter reader.
- *Rev. 1990

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- D. Consumer shall furnish and maintain a private cut-off valve on consumer's side of the meter, and the town shall provide a like valve on the town's side of each meter.
- E. Consumer shall install consumer's piping and apparatus and maintain it in a safe and efficient manner and at consumer's own expense, in accordance with the town's rules and regulations and in full compliance with the regulations of the State Department of Health Services.
- F. Consumer shall safeguard the town's property placed on consumer's premises and shall permit access to it only by the authorized representatives of the town.
- G. In the event of any loss or damage to the property of the town being used to provide water or sewer service to consumer, consumer shall pay to the town the cost of the necessary repairs or replacements, and consumer shall assume any liability otherwise resulting. The town shall add the amount of such loss or damage to consumer's bill, and, if such amount is not paid, the town shall discontinue service to consumer.

- H. Only consumer, members of consumer's household, guests, tenants and employees of consumer shall use water furnished by the town. Consumer shall not sell such water to any other person or permit any other person to use such water.
- I. During a critical water condition, as determined by the town or another public agency, consumer shall use water only for those purposes which the town shall specify. Consumer's disregard for this rule shall be sufficient cause for discontinuance of service or refusal of renewed service.

Sec. 12 - 4 - 3 <u>Access to Premises</u>

- A. Duly authorized agents of the town shall have access, at all reasonable hours, to the premises of consumer for the purposes of installing or removing town property, inspecting piping, reading or testing meters, or for any other purpose in connection with the town's service or facilities.
- B. Each consumer shall grant or convey or shall cause to be granted or conveyed to the town a permanent easement across any property owned or controlled by the consumer wherever such easement is necessary to enable the town to furnish water or sewer service. Consumer shall not erect a fence around, across or on said easement or any other water system facility without the approval of the town.

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Article 12 - 5 EXTENSIONS*

- 12 5 1Standards for Extensions12 5 2Computation of Cost
- 12 5 3 Other Basis of Extensions Permissible
- 12 5 4 Responsibility of Town
- 12 5 5 Right to Refuse Applications

Sec. 12 - 5 - 1 Standards for Extensions

- A. The provisions of this article shall constitute the standards for extension of water mains, sewers and related facilities by utilities.
- B. Each utility shall permit, upon written request for service by a prospective customer, or a group of prospective customers located in the same neighborhood, an extension necessary to give service when the prospective customer or customers agree to pay the full cost of the extension, including connection costs.

- C. Such an extension shall be made under the following conditions:
 - 1. Determination of Cost. The applicant or applicants shall prepare an estimate of the total cost of the extension from its existing main or mains which is to serve the extension to the end of the lot or frontage of the most remote applicant to be served; provided, however, that if this be a corner lot abutting an intersecting street or a lot immediately adjacent to such a corner lot, the terminal point of the extension shall be located so that the main constructed hereunder ties in with the existing main located in such intersecting street, and, if there is no main located in such intersecting street, the terminal point of the extension made hereunder shall be located at the center line of such intersecting street. Such estimated total cost of the main extension, subject to council approval, shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 12-5-2, and the amount thereof as so determined shall constitute and be referred to hereunder as the cost of the main extension
 - 2. <u>Determination of Number of Lots to be Served</u>. A determination shall be made of the number of lots to be served by the main extension. Only lots, as herein defined, which directly abut the main extension between its original beginning and its original terminus shall be included in such determination. If all or any part of such main extension is located within an area platted or to be platted, the number of such lots as shown within such plat to be served shall be included. If all or any part of such main extension is located shall be

| *Ordinance #38 | | |
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determined by dividing the total front footage of the main extension within such unplatted area on both sides of the street, alley or right of way in which the main is located by 50 feet and rounded to the nearest whole number of lots. Any further main extension subsequently connected to the original main extension shall, for all purposes under this article, constitute a separate main extension.

- 3. <u>Determination of Cost Per Lot</u>. The total number of lots to be served by the main extension shall be divided into the cost of such main extension, as determined above, in order to calculate the cost per lot of the main extension.
- 4. <u>Basis and Allocation of Initial Deposit</u>. To the cost of such main extension shall be added the connection costs for service to the applicant or applicants for such main extension. The applicants who apply for and are to take service from the proposed extension within six months after it is placed in service shall make the total deposit, in a cash payment, of the estimated cost of the extension. Unless otherwise arranged among the

applicants, each applicant shall pay to the utility his proportionate share of the total deposit determined as above provided, on the basis which the number of lots for which service is requested by such applicant bears to the total number of lots for which service is requested by all such applicants.

- 5. <u>Deposits Required by Subsequent Connectors</u>. If and when at any time after the main extension is placed in service, the owner or occupant of any unserved lot included in the main extension but not included in the original applications requests service, the utility shall, subject to the limitations provided in this article, collect from each such new applicant a cash deposit equal to the cost per lot, as calculated in accordance with paragraph 3 of this subsection, of the main extension multiplied by the number of lots for which service is so requested. In addition, each such new applicant shall pay a late charge equal to fifteen percent of his deposit as computed above.
- 6. <u>Refunds on Basis of Such Subsequent Connections</u>. Monies thus collected by the utility from new connections within a period of ten years after the extension is placed in service shall be refunded to the original applicants and prior connectors who have made deposits for such main extension, in proportion to their respective original deposits, including any late charge. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the total refunds to any original applicant or connector exceed the amount of his deposit.

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7. <u>Method of Making Refunds</u>. Refunds shall be paid to each depositor as they become entitled to a refund. The refund shall be made by mailing the refund to the depositor's last known address as shown on the books and records of the utility. Any refund distribution which cannot be returned to a depositor after the refund becomes due or after the ten year period lapses shall be transferred to the town general fund.

Sec. 12 - 5 - 2 Computation of Cost

The cost of each main extension made hereunder shall be computed by applying the actual average costs (not reflecting unusual costs incident to special construction) experienced by the utility during its preceding fiscal year plus or minus any amount necessary to adjust for known cost increases or decreases, respectively. Such cost computation shall be based on a six inch main, unless a larger main is reasonably necessary to serve the proposed customer or customers, including fire protection service; in which event the computation shall be made by applying the utility's actual average cost for the immediately preceding year of the main size and related facilities required, adjusted for known cost increases or decreases as above provided. In the

absence of representative cost data for the previous year for any size or type of main or for any special construction incident to, or for any particular related facility involved in a main extension, the cost thereof as used for this purpose shall be the best estimate of the utility of the cost of such mains, special construction or related facilities based upon current available information, or shall be the actual costs, as determined by certified cost records provided by the applicants. If, for the utility's future extension plans, a larger main than is reasonably necessary for the service required from the main extension involved is installed, the difference in the cost of the larger pipe size and increased material and installation cost, if any, shall be borne by the utility.

Sec. 12 - 5 - 3 Other Basis of Extensions Permissible

This article shall not be construed as prohibiting any utility from making free extensions or from providing a method of return of deposits for extensions more favorable to customers or depositors so long as no discrimination is practiced among customers or depositors whose service requirements are similar.

Sec. 12 - 5 - 4 <u>Responsibility of Town</u>

The town accepts no responsibility for the extension of such mains until accepted upon completion by the town council.

Sec. 12 - 5 - 5 Right to Refuse Applications

The town reserves the right to refuse applications if the town makes the determination that the utility does not have sufficient capacity for additional hook-ups.

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Article 12 - 6 <u>USE OF PUBLIC SEWERS</u>

- 12 6 1 Prohibited Substances
- 12 6 2 Interceptors Required
- 12 6 3 Authority of Sewer Department
- 12 6 4 Preliminary Treatment
- 12 6 5 Manholes
- 12 6 6 Tests and Analyses
- 12 6 7 Special Agreements with Industrial Concerns

Section 12 - 6 - 1 Prohibited Substances

A. No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any storm water, surface water, ground water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters to any sanitary sewer.

- B. Except as provided in this section no person shall discharge or cause to be discharged any of the following described waters or wastes into any public sewer:
 - 1. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than one hundred fifty degrees Fahrenheit.
 - 2. Any water or waste which may contain more than fifty parts per million by weight of fat, oil or grease.
 - 3. Any gasoline, benzene, naptha, fuel oil or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas.
 - 4. Any garbage that has not been properly shredded.
 - 5. Any ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, paunch manure, grits such as brick, cement, onyx, carbide or any other solid or viscous substance capable of causing obstruction to the flow in sewers or other interference with the proper operation of the sewer works.
 - 6. Any waters or wastes having a pH lower than five and one-half or higher than nine or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment and personnel of the sewage works.
 - 7. Any waters or wastes containing a toxic or poisonous substance in sufficient quantity to injure or interfere with any sewage treatment process, constitute a hazard to humans or animals or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant.

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- 8. Any waters or wastes containing suspended solids of such character and quantity that unusual attention or expense is required to handle such materials at the sewage treatment plant.
- 9. Any noxious or malodorous gas or substance capable of creating a public nuisance.
- 10. Any water or waste that has a phosphate limit of 10 parts per million.

Sec. 12 - 6 - 2 Interceptors Required

A. Grease, oil and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the sewer department, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing grease in excessive amounts or any flammable wastes, sand and

other harmful ingredients except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units.

- B. Grease and oil interceptors shall be constructed of impervious material capable of withstanding abrupt and extreme changes in temperature. They shall be of substantial construction, watertight and equipped with easily removable covers which, when bolted in place, shall be gas tight and watertight.
- C. Where installed, all grease, oil and sand interceptors shall be maintained by the owner, at his/her expense, in continuously efficient operation at all times.

Sec. 12 - 6 - 3 <u>Authority of Sewer Department</u>

The admission into the public sewers of any waters or wastes having any of the following characteristics shall be subject to the review and approval of the sewer department:

- A. A five day biochemical oxygen demand (B.O.D.) greater than three hundred parts per million by weight.
- B. Containing more than three hundred fifty parts per million by weight of suspended solids.
- C. Containing any quantity of substance having the characteristics described in Section 12-6-1.
- D. Having an average daily flow of greater than two percent of the average daily sewage flow of the town.

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- Sec. 12 6 4 Preliminary Treatment
- A. <u>Required</u>. Where necessary in the opinion of the sewer department, the owner shall provide, at his/her expense, such preliminary treatment as may be necessary to:
 - 1. Reduce the B.O.D. to three hundred parts per million and the suspended solids to three hundred fifty parts per million by weight.
 - 2. Reduce objectionable characteristics or constituents to within the maximum limits provided for in Section 12-6-3.
 - 3. Control the quantities and rates of discharge of such waters or wastes.

- B. <u>Approval</u>. Plans, specifications and any other pertinent information relating to proposed preliminary treatment facilities shall be submitted for approval of the sewer department and the Arizona State Department of Health Services. No construction of such facilities shall be commenced until such approvals are obtained in writing.
- C. <u>Maintenance of Facilities</u>. Where preliminary treatment facilities are provided for any waters or wastes, they shall be maintained continuously in satisfactory and effective operation by the owner at his/her expense.

Sec. 12 - 6 - 5 Manholes

When required by the sewer department, the owner of any property served by a building sewer carrying industrial wastes shall install a suitable control manhole in the building sewer to facilitate observation and sampling of wastes. Such manhole, when required, shall be accessible and safely located and shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the sewer department. The manhole shall be installed by the owner at his/her expense and shall be maintained by him/her so as to be safe and accessible at all times.

Sec. 12 - 6 - 6 <u>Tests and Analyses</u>

All tests and analyses of the characteristics of waters and wastes, to which reference is made in Sections 12-6-1, 12-6-3 and 12-6-5, shall be determined in accordance with "standard methods for examination of water and sewage", and shall be determined at the control manhole provided for in Section 12-6-5 or upon suitable samples taken at such control manhole.

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Sec. 12 - 6 - 7 Special Agreements with Industrial Concerns

No statement contained in this article shall be construed as preventing any special agreement or arrangement between the town and any industrial concern whereby an industrial waste of unusual strength or character may be accepted by the town for treatment, subject to payment therefor by the industrial concern.

Article 12 - 7 CONTROL OF BACKFLOW AND CROSS-CONNECTIONS*

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- 12 7 2 Responsibility
- 12 7 3 Definitions
- 12 7 4 Administration

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Section 12 - 7 - 1 Purpose

The purpose of this article is:

- A. To protect the public potable water supply, served by the Town of Patagonia Water Department, from possibility of contamination or pollution by isolating within its customers internal distribution system such contaminants or pollutants which could backflow or back-siphon into the public water system.
- B. To promote the elimination or control of existing cross-connections, actual or potential, between its customers in-plant potable water system and non-potable systems.
- C. To provide for the maintenance of a continuing program of cross-connection control which will effectively prevent the contamination or pollution of all potable water systems by cross-connection.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 2 <u>Responsibility</u>

The supervisor of the water department shall be responsible for the protection of the public potable water distribution system from the contamination or pollution due to the backflow or back-siphoning of contaminants or pollutants through the water service

| *Ordinance #95 | Rev. 6/93 | | |
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connection. If, in the judgement of the water supervisor, an approved backflow device is required at the town's water service connection to any customer's premises, the supervisor or his/her delegated agent shall give notice in writing to said customer to install an approved backflow prevention device at each service connection to his/her premises. The customer shall within ninety days install such approved device, at his/her own expense, and failure or refusal, or inability on the part of the customer to install said device within ninety days, shall constitute grounds for discontinuing water service to the premises until such device has been properly installed.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 3 <u>Definitions*</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

- A. "Approved" means accepted by the water supervisor as meeting an applicable specification stated or cited in this article, or as suitable for the proposed use.
- B. "Auxiliary water supply" means any water supply, on or available, to the premises other than the purveyor's approved public potable water supply.
- C. "Backflow" means the flow of water or other liquids, mixtures or substances under positive or reduced pressure in the distribution pipes of a potable water supply from any source other than its intended source
- D. "Backflow preventer" means a device or means designed to prevent backflow or back-siphoning. Most commonly categorized as air gap, reduced pressure principle device, double check valve assembly, pressure vacuum breaker, atmospheric vacuum breaker, hose bib vacuum breaker, residential dual check, double check with intermediate atmospheric vent and barometric loop.
 - 1. "Air gap" means a physical separation sufficient to prevent backflow between the free-flowing discharge end of the potable water system and any other system. Physically defined as a distance equal to twice the diameter of the supply side pipe diameter but never less than one inch.
 - 2. "Atmospheric vacuum breaker" means a device which prevents backsiphoning by creating an atmospheric vent when there is either a negative pressure or sub-atmospheric pressure in a water system.
 - 3. "Barometric loop" means a fabricated piping arrangement rising at least thirty-five feet at its topmost point above the highest fixture it supplies. It is utilized in water supply systems to protect against back-siphoning.

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- 4. "Double check valve assembly" means an assembly of two independently operating spring loaded check valves with tightly closing shut-off valves on each side of the check valves plus properly located test cocks for the testing of each check valve.
- 5. "Double check valve with intermediate atmospheric vent" means a device having two spring loaded check valves separated by an atmospheric vent chamber.
- 6. "Hose bib vacuum breaker" means a device which is permanently attached to a hose bib and which acts as an atmospheric vacuum breaker.

- 7. "Pressure vacuum breaker" means a device containing one or two independently operated spring loaded check valves and an independently operated spring loaded air inlet valve located on the discharge side of the check or checks. Device includes tightly closing shut-off valves on each side of the check valves and properly located test cocks for the testing of the check valve.
- 8. "Reduced pressure principle backflow preventer" means an assembly consisting of two independently operating approved check valves with an automatically operating differential relief valve located between the two check valves, tightly closing shut-off valves on each side of the check valves plus properly located test cocks for the testing of the check valves and the relief valve.
- 9. "Residential dual check" means an assembly of two spring loaded independently operating check valves without tightly closing shut-off valves and test cocks. Generally employed immediately downstream of the water meter to act as a containment device.
- E. "Backpressure" means a condition in which the owners system pressure is greater than the suppliers system pressure.
- F. "Back-siphoning" means the flow of water or other liquids, mixtures or substances into the distribution pipes of a potable water supply system from any source other than its intended source caused by the sudden reduction of pressure in the potable water supply system.
- G. "Containment" means a method of backflow prevention which requires a backflow prevention preventer at the water service entrance.
- H. "Contaminant" means a substance that will impair the quality of the water to a degree that it creates a serious health hazard to the public leading to poisoning or the spread of disease.
- I. "Cross-connection" means any actual or potential connection between the public water supply and a source of contamination or pollution.

- J. "Department" means the Town of Patagonia Water Department.
- K. "Fixture isolation" means a method of backflow prevention in which a backflow preventer is located to correct a cross-connection at an in-plant location rather than at a water service entrance.
- L. "Owner" means any person who has legal title to, or license to, operate or habitat in a property upon which a cross-connection inspection is to be made or upon which a cross-connection is present.
- M. "Permit" means a document issued by the department which allows the use of a backflow preventer.

- N. "Person" means any individual, partnership, company, public or private corporation, political subdivision or agency of the state, agency or instrumentality of the United States or any other legal entity.
- O. "Pollutant" means a foreign substance that if permitted to get into the public water system will degrade its quality so as to constitute a moderate hazard, or impair the usefulness or quality of the water to a degree which does not create an actual hazard to the public health but which does adversely and unreasonably effect such water for domestic use.
- P. "Supervisor of the Town of Patagonia Water Service" means the supervisor or his/her delegated representative in charge of the Town of Patagonia Water Department. The supervisor or his/her delegated representative is invested with the authority and responsibility for the implementation of a cross-connection control program and for the enforcement of the provisions of this article.
- Q. "Water service entrance" means that point in the owners water system beyond the sanitary control of the district; generally considered to be the outlet end of the water meter and always before any unprotected branch.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 4 Administration

- A. The department will operate a cross-connection control program, to include the keeping of necessary records, which fulfills the requirements of the council's cross-connection regulations and is approved by the council.
- B. The owner shall allow his/her property to be inspected for possible crossconnections and shall follow the provisions of the department's program and the council's regulations if a cross-connection is permitted.
- C. If the department requires that the public supply be protected by containment, the owner shall be responsible for water quality beyond the outlet end of the containment device and should utilize fixture outlet protection for that purpose. The owner may utilize public health officials, personnel from the department or their delegated representatives to assist him/her in the survey of his/her facilities

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and to assist him/her in the selection of proper fixture outlet devices and the proper installation of these devices.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 5 <u>Requirements</u>

- A. Department requirements are:
 - 1. On new installations, the department will provide on-site evaluation and/or inspection of plans in order to determine the type of backflow preventer, if any, that will be required, will issue permit and perform inspection. In any case, a minimum of a dual check valve will be required in any new

construction, excluding residential, except where a hazard or potential hazard has been identified by the department.

- 2. For premises existing prior to the start of this program, the department will perform evaluations and inspections of plans and/or premises and inform the owner by letter of any corrective action deemed necessary, the method of achieving the correction and the time allowed for the correction to be made. Ordinarily, ninety days will be allowed. However, this time period may be shortened depending upon the degree of hazard involved and the history of the device in question.
- 3. The department will not allow any cross-connection to remain unless it is protected by an approved backflow preventer for which a permit has been issued and which will be regularly tested to insure satisfactory operation.
- 4. The department shall inform the owner by letter of any failure to comply, by the time of the first re-inspection. The department will allow an additional fifteen days for the correction. In the event the owner fails to comply with the necessary correction by the time of the second re-inspection, the department will inform the owner by letter that the water service to the owner's premises will be terminated within a period not to exceed five days. In the event that the owner informs the department of extenuating circumstances as to why the correction has not been made, a time extension may be granted by the department but in no case will exceed an additional thirty days.
- 5. If the department determines at any time that a serious threat to the public health exists, the water service will be terminated immediately.
- 6. All charges for these tests will be paid by the owner of the building or property. The owner must pay a private contractor who is a certified backflow device tester. The department shall have on file a list of private contractors who are certified backflow device testers.
- 7. The department will begin initial premise inspections to determine the nature of existing or potential hazards, following the approval of this
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program by the council, beginning with the 1993 calendar year. Initial focus will be on high hazard industries and commercial premise.

8. The department requires that all new retrofit installations of reduced pressure principle devices and double check valve backflow preventers include the installation of strainers located immediately upstream of the backflow device. The installation of strainers will preclude the fouling of backflow devices due to both foreseen and unforeseen circumstances occurring to the water supply system such as water main repairs, water main breaks, fires, periodic cleaning and flushing of mains, etc. These

occurrences may "stir up" debris within the water main that will cause fouling of backflow devices installed without the benefit of strainers.

- B. Owner requirements are:
 - 1. The owner shall be responsible for the elimination or protection of all cross-connections on his/her premise.
 - 2. The owner, after having been informed by a letter from the department, shall at his/her expense install, maintain, test, or have tested, any and all backflow preventers on his/her premises by a certified backflow device tester.
 - 3. The owner shall correct any malfunction of the backflow preventer which is revealed by periodic testing.
 - 4. The owner shall inform the department of any proposed or modified cross-connections and also any existing cross-connections of which the owner is aware but have not been found by the department.
 - 5. The owner shall not install a by-pass around any backflow preventer unless there is a backflow preventer of the same type on the bypass. Owners who cannot shut down operation for testing of devices must supply additional devices necessary to allow testing to take place.
 - 6. The owner shall install backflow preventers in a manner approved by the department.
 - 7. The owner shall install only backflow preventers approved by the department.
 - 8. Any owner having a private well or other private water source, must have a permit if the well or source is cross-connected to the department's system. Permission to cross-connect may be denied by the department. The owner may be required to install a backflow preventer at the service entrance if a private water source is maintained, even if it is not cross-connected to the department's system.
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 - 9. In the event the owner installs plumbing to provide potable water for domestic purposes which is on the department's side of the backflow preventer, such plumbing must have its own backflow preventer installed.
 - 10. The owner shall be responsible for the payment of all fees for permits, annual or semi-annual device testing, repair or replacement, re-testing in the case that the device fails to operate correctly and second re-inspections for non-compliance with the department requirements.
 - 11. Any owner of a new residential building will be required to install a residential dual check device immediately downstream of the water meter.

Installation of this residential dual check device on a retrofit basis on existing service lines will be instituted at a time and at a potential cost to the homeowner as deemed necessary by the department. The owner must be aware that installation of a residential dual check valve results in a potential closed plumbing system within his/her residence. As such, provisions may have to be made by the owner to provide for thermal expansion within his/her closed loop system, i.e., the installation of thermal expansion devices and/or pressure relief valves.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 6 Degree of Hazard

The department recognizes the threat to the public water system arising from cross connections. All threats will be classified by degree of hazard and will require the installation of approved reduced pressure principle backflow prevention devices or double check valves.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 7 <u>Permits</u>

The department shall not permit a cross-connection within the public water supply system unless it is considered necessary and that it cannot be eliminated

- A. Cross-connection permits that are required for backflow prevention devices are obtained at the town clerk/treasurer's office. A fee of fifty dollars will be charged for the initial permit and twenty-five dollars for the renewal of each permit.
- B. Permits shall be renewed every three years and are non-transferable. Permits are subject to revocation and become immediately revoked if the owner should so change the type of cross-connection or degree of hazard associated with the service.
- C. A permit is not required when fixture isolation is achieved with the utilization of a non-testable backflow preventer.

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Sec. 12 - 7 - 8 Existing In-Use Backflow Prevention Devices

Any existing backflow preventer shall be allowed by the department to continue service unless the degree of hazard is such as to supersede the effectiveness of the present backflow preventer, or result in an unreasonable risk to the public health. Where the degree of hazard has increased, as in the case of a residential installation converting to a business establishment, any existing backflow preventer must be upgraded to a reduced pressure principle device, or a reduced pressure principle device must be installed in the event that no backflow device was present.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 9 Periodic Testing

- A. Reduced pressure principle backflow devices shall be tested and inspected at least annually. Periodic testing of all devices will conform to the frequency stated on the permit, not to exceed one year.
- B. Periodic testing shall be performed by an independent certified backflow device tester. This testing will be done at the owner's expense.
- C. The testing shall be conducted during the department's regular business hours. Exceptions to this, when at the request of the owner, may require additional charges to cover the increased costs to the department.
- D. Any backflow preventer which fails during a periodic test will be repaired or replaced. When repairs are necessary, upon completion of the repair the device will be re-tested at owner's expense to insure correct operation. High hazard situations will not be allowed to continue unprotected if the backflow preventer fails the second test and cannot be repaired immediately. In other situations, a compliance date of not more than thirty days after the test date will be established. The owner is responsible for spare parts, repair tools, any necessary replacement device and labor charges. Parallel installation of two devices is an effective means of the owner insuring uninterrupted water service during testing or repair of devices and is strongly recommended when the owner desires such continuity.
- E. Backflow prevention devices will be tested more frequently than specified in subsection A of this section in cases where there is a history of test failures and the department feels that, due to the degree of hazard involved, additional testing is warranted. Cost of the additional tests will be born by the owner.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 10 Records & Reports

A. Records

The Department will initiate and maintain the following:

1. Master files on customer cross-connection tests and inspections and installations, to include the date and location of such activity.

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 - 2. Master files on cross-connection permits.
 - 3. Copies of permits and permit applications.
 - 4. Copies of lists and summaries supplied to the council.

B. Reports:

The department will submit the following to the council:

1. Initial listing of low hazard cross-connections to the state.

- 2. Initial listing of high hazard cross-connections to the state.
- 3. Annual update lists of items in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection.
- 4. Annual summary of cross-connection inspections to the state.

Sec. 12 - 7 - 11 Fees and Charges

The town clerk/treasurer's office will collect the following fees or charges for the following services and permits:

| Α. | Fee Inspection | \$25 |
|----|-------------------------------------|------|
| В. | Re-inspection fee | 15 |
| C. | Charges for after-hours inspections | 30 |

Article 12 – 8 <u>LIENS FOR DELINQUENT TOWN UTILITY CHARGES</u>

Sec. 12-8-1 Utility Service Charges to be Responsibility of Property Owner

- A. To the maximum extent allowed by law, the owner or owners of real property receiving utility service or availability shall be primarily responsible for the payment of utility service charges, whether or not a tenant or occupant in possession of said property also opens or maintains an account for utility service(s) with the Town.
- B. Utility service for the purpose of this Article is defined as potable water, wastewater collection and treatment and/or garbage collection and disposal service provided by the Town.
- C. Utility service charges shall include all charges imposed by this Chapter or Chapter 9 (for garbage collection fees), whether arising from the receipt of such utility service or the benefit of having the service made available to the property.

Sec. 12-8-2 Failure to Pay Bill When Due

- A. All Town utility bills are due when presented to the account holder for payment, and shall be deemed past due and delinquent thirty (30) days after presentment, with interest thereafter accruing as of the date of presentment.
- B. All delinquent utility bills shall include a one-time administrative penalty of five (5) dollars and accrue interest at the rate prescribed by A.R.S. § 44-1201 until paid. Said penalty and interest, or any portion thereof, may be waived for good cause by the Town Clerk upon full payment of all outstanding utility charges.

Sec. 12-8-3 Lien for Delinquent Charges

A. Where the owner of property is responsible for payment of utility service charges, delinquent charges shall constitute a lien against the property. The procedure to perfect such lien shall be as follows:

- (1) The Town Clerk shall provide written notice to the owner of the property any time after the account is thirty (30) days or more in arrears by either personally serving or mailing to the owner's last-known address by certified or registered mail if the owner does not reside on the property, or the address to which the utility bill was sent. This written notice shall indicate that the Town shall impress and secure a lien on the subject property for all fees that become or have been delinquent for ninety (90) days or more. The notice shall also contain a statement that the owner, occupant or lessee may appeal the delinquency to the Town Clerk by filing such appeal within thirty days after receipt of such notice.
- (2) Upon expiration of the thirty (30) day cure period of subsection (A)(1) above, the Town Clerk, for all utility accounts more than ninety (90) days delinquent, shall prepare a notice and claim of lien and file the original thereof with the county recorder, and serve or mail by registered or certified mail a copy to the owner, occupant or lessee of the property. The notice and claim of lien shall be made under oath by the Town Clerk or his duly authorized designee and shall contain the following:
 - a. A description of the property sufficient for its identification;
 - b. The name of the owner or reputed owner of the property if known, otherwise the name of the occupant or lessee to whom service was rendered;
 - c. The amount of the fees, including interest and penalty, that are delinquent for ninety (90) days or more, which shall be the claimed lien amount;
 - d. A statement that the claimed lien amount shall accrue interest after recording at the rate prescribed by A.R.S. § 44-1201.
- B. From and after the date of its recording in the office of the county recorder, the lien shall attach to the property until paid. Said lien shall accrue interest after recording at the rate prescribed by A.R.S. § 44-1201. A sale of the property to satisfy the lien shall be made upon judgment of foreclosure and order of sale. The Town shall have the right to bring an action to enforce the lien in the county superior court at any time after its recording, but failure to enforce the lien by such action shall not affect its validity. The recorded notice and claim of lien shall be prima facie evidence of the truth of all matters recited therein and of the regularity of all proceedings prior to the recording of said lien.
- C. A prior recording for the purposes provided in this section shall not be a bar to a subsequent recording of a lien for such purposes, and any number of liens on the same lot or tract of land may be enforced in the same action.